Polestar Automotive Holding UK PLC

UP TO 2,203,977,609 CLASS A ADSs, UP TO 24,999,965 CLASS A ADSs ISSUABLE UPON CONVERSION OF CLASS C ADSs AND UP TO 9,000,000 CLASS C-2 ADSs

This prospectus supplement is being filed to update and supplement the information contained in the prospectus dated September 22, 2022 (the "Prospectus"), which forms a part of a registration statement on Form F-1 (Registration No. 333-266101), related to the offer and sale from time to time by the selling securityholders named in the Prospectus of up to (a) 2,228,977,574 Class A ADSs and (b) 9,000,000 Class C-2 ADSs. Specifically, this prospectus supplement is being filed to update and supplement the information included in the Prospectus with the information contained in our Report on Form 6-K submitted to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on November 14, 2022.

Capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the meanings ascribed to them in the Prospectus.

This prospectus supplement is not complete without, and may not be utilized except in connection with, the Prospectus, including any supplements and amendments thereto.

We may further amend or supplement the Prospectus and this prospectus supplement from time to time by filing amendments or supplements as required. You should read the entire Prospectus, this prospectus supplement and any amendments or supplements carefully before you make your investment decision.

Our Class A ADSs and Class C-1 ADSs are listed on the Nasdaq Stock Market LLC ("Nasdaq"), under the trading symbols "PSNY" and "PSNYW," respectively. On November 11, 2022, the closing price for our Class A ADSs on Nasdaq was \$5.51. On November 11, 2022, the closing price for our Class C-1 ADSs on Nasdaq was \$0.90.

Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully review the risks and uncertainties described under the heading "Risk Factors" beginning on page 14 of the Prospectus before you make an investment in the securities.

Neither the SEC nor any state or foreign securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus supplement or the Prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus supplement is dated November 14, 2022

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

washington, D.C. 205

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of November 2022

Commission File Number: 001-41431

Polestar Automotive Holding UK PLC

Assar Gabrielssons Väg 9 405 31 Göteborg, Sweden (Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F ⊠ Form 40-F □

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS REPORT ON FORM 6-K

On November 11, 2022, Polestar Automotive Holding UK PLC ("Polestar") announced its financial results for the third quarter ended September 30, 2022. A copy of the investor update presentation that was posted on the investor relations website of Polestar in connection with the announcement is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1.

Also attached as exhibits to this Report on Form 6-K are (i) Polestar's Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, which is attached as Exhibit 99.2; and (ii) Polestar's Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as of September 30, 2022 and for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, which are attached as Exhibit 99.3.

The information contained in Exhibit 99.2 and Exhibit 99.3 shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference into Polestar's registration statement on Form S-8 (File No: 333-267146) and to be a part thereof from the date on which this report is submitted, to the extent not superseded by documents or reports subsequently filed or furnished. Exhibit 99.1 to this Report on Form 6-K shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit
99.1	Investor Update, dated November 11, 2022.
99.2	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.
99.3	Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as of September 30, 2022 and for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: November 14, 2022

POLESTAR AUTOMOTIVE HOLDING UK PLC

Name:	/s/ Thomas Ingenlath Thomas Ingenlath Chief Executive Officer
Dru	/a/ Jahan Malmaviat

By: /s/ Johan Malmqvist Name: Johan Malmqvist Title: Chief Financial Officer

Investor update for the nine months ended September 30, 2022

Polestar Automotive Holding UK PLC

Polestar

Disclaimer

Forward-Looking Statements Certain statements in this presentation ("Presentation") of Pelestar Automotive Holding UK PEC ("Polestar") constitute forward-looking statements, within the meaning of the "safe harbor" provisions of the United States Private Securities Liligation Reform Act of 1995, that express Polestar's opinions, expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions or projections regarding future events of future results and involve significant risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements to generally be identified by the use of forward-looking stemminology. Including the terms "believes," restimates, "anticipates," "operacle", "seeks," "projections of gardine stemms for an generality be identified by the use of forward-looking stemminology. These forward-looking statements includes all matters that are not historical facts. They appear in a number of places throughout this Presentation and include statements negarding Polestar's intentions, beliefs or current sepactations concerning, among other things: results of operations, fincal conditions (liqidity prospects; growth; strategies and the markets in which Polestar operates, including estimates and commercial product launches, including the start of production of any future products of Polestar, and the performance, range, autonomous driving and other features of the vehicles of Polestar, and the performance, range, autonomous driving and other features to the vehicles of results to financi and operations; including the start of potential of any future products of Polestar, future market launches and expansion. Such forward-looking statements are based on available current market information and the current expectations of Sultas relations of assis trategies, access to financi grand Polestari future exertiles (lowed againt GG) rubetari funding beliefs and proceedings but may be instituted againt GG) robetari in connection with the Busiess Combination', the ability to continue to metsic and foreiging basiles, m

business milestones and commercial busches, including Polestar's ability to mass produce its current in costs, disruption of supply or shortage of materials, in particular for lithium-ion cells or semiconductors; Polestar's reliance on its partners to manufacture vehicles at a high volume, some of which have limited experience in producing electric vehicles, and on the allocation of supply or shortage of materials, in particular to the allocation of sufficient production capacity to Polestar by its partners to manufacture vehicles, at a high volume, some of production capacity to Polestar by its partners in order for Polestar to be able to increase its vehicle grow and manage growth profitably, maintain relationships with customers and suppliers and retain grow and manage growth profitably, maintain relationships with customers and suppliers and retain grow and manage growth profitably, maintain relationships with customers and suppliers and retain growand makes employees; the possibility that Polestar rules adversely affected by other economic, business, and/or competitive factors; risks related to Polestar's product of ferring; risks related to Polestar's site substarks; changes in regulatory requirements (including envolvemental laws and regulations), governmental incentives and fael and energy prices; Polestar's ability to rapidly penployees, including its chief earche officer and executive team; Polestar's ability to rapidly provider, differing backstr's ability to effectively manage its growth and recuit and retain key providers; finate additional market share, and the risks associated with negative provider endstrisk and and capture additional market share, and the risks associated with negative press or reputational harm, including from lithium-ion battery cells catching freo reunting mokes; the instance is polestar's ability to continuously and rapidly innovate, develop and market new products protections; and logistical constraints to Polestar's busines; projected results of poles Quantizes, initially and logistical constraints on Policy growing control territories on the analysis polyper-chain disruptional in interest rate transport on the organized provided results of operations, financial performance or other financial and operational metrics or on any of the foregoing risks, the need to raise additional funds to support business growth; and the other risks and uncertainties described in Polestar's filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). There can be no assume that future developments affecting Polestar will be those that Polestar has anticipated. These forward-looking statements involve a number of risks, uncertainties (some of which are beyond Polestar's control) or other assumptions that many cause catual results or performance to be materially different from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements, Polestar will not undertake any obligation to ugdate or revise any forward-looking statements. Polestar will not undertake any obligation to ugdate or nevise any forward-looking statements. Polestar will not undertake any obligation to ugdate or nevise any forward-looking statements. Polestar will not undertake any obligation to ugdate or nevise any forward-looking statements. Such are used intellower to a causioned not to put undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

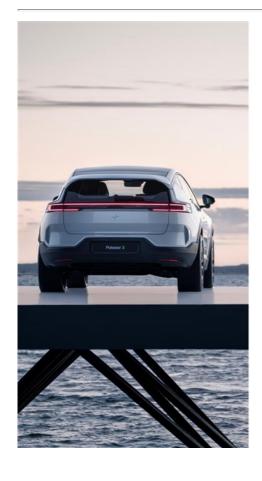
Trademarks This Presentation includes trademarks, trade names and service marks, certain of which belong to Polestar or Polestar's affiliates and others that are the property of other organizations. The Polestar logo and other trademarks or service marks of Polestar appearing in this prospectus are the property of Polestar. Solely for convenience, trademarks, trade names and service marks referred to in this prospectus appear without the *, TM and SM symbols, but the absence of those symbols is not intended to indicate, in any way, that Polestar or its affiliates will not assert its or their rights or that the applicable owner will not assert its rights to these trademarks, trade names and service marks to the fullest extent under applicable law. Polestar does not intend its use or display of other partiels trademarks, trade names or service marks to imply, and such use or display should not be construed to imply, a relationship with, or endorsement or sponsorship of Polestar by, these other parties.

Past results are not indicative of future performance and investing in securities of Polestar involves significant risks. Potential investors should read and understand the explanations of risks disclosed by Polestar in its filings with the SEC before making any decisions.

The information set forth herein is based upon information reasonably available to Polestar as of the due of this Presentation (or any such earlier date referenced herein), and Polestar does not undertake any obligation to update such information at any time after such date. No representation, warranty or undertaking, express or inplied, is made as to, and no reliance should be placed on, the fairness, accuracy, completeness or correctness of the information or the opinions contained herein and as may be amended.

titute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any This presentation shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities of Polestar, nor shall here be any sale or offer of any securities in any state or jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful. This Presentation is not intended to constitute, and should not be construed as investment, tax, legal or other advice. Certain information contained herein has been derived from sources prepared by third parties. While such information is believed to be reliable for the purposes used herein neither Polestar nor any off is director, officers, employees, affisites or advicors makes any representation or warranty with respect to the accuracy of such information. This Presentation does not purport to contain all of the information that may be required to evaluate Polestar and has solely been prepared for the purpose of generally familiarizing the reader with Polestar. th Dolo

We are Polestar



We are Polestar

Business highlights

Launched Polestar 3 at the global event in Copenhagen

Event drove one of the biggest spikes in engaged visits to our website - second only to Superbowl ad in February

Approaching a major production milestone of 100,000 Polestar 2 vehicles Solidifying our position as one of two global, pure EV players already in mass production

Delivered 30,424¹ vehicles to end September; on track to deliver 50,000 by year end An increase of 100% year on year, and expect Q422 to be our record quarter to date

Achieved \$1.48bn² in revenues for the first nine months of 2022

Expect to deliver approximately \$2.4bn in revenues for 2022, an estimated increase of 80% year on year

Obtained \$1.6bn³ financing and liquidity support package from major shareholders This financing and liquidity package, alongside other potential financing activities, provides sufficient funds through 2023

Won Car Design and 3 Auto Trader awards

Car Design Awards recognised Polestar with prestigious Best Brand Design Language for 2022

- and before some of the demonstration and commercial purposes as well as whiches transferred to Policitar employees at time of neglitation. Transferred wellsdes for demonstration and commercial purposes are evened by Policitar and Included in Investory (considered).
- See slide 16 for additional information on financing and liquidity support package from major shareholders.

We are Polestar Our past, our present and our future







History in performance

1996-2017

- Founded in 1996 as a racing team
 Developed and sold performance software for Volvo Cars
 The official performance partner to Volvo Cars from 2009
 Acquired by Volvo Cars in 2015

Launching the new Polestar brand 2017-2021

- Launched Polestar 1 in 2017 and Polestar 2 in 2019
 First customer handovers and retail locations open in 2020
 Global from day one in 2020, with presence in 10 markets

- Launched limited edition Polestar 6 in August 2022
 Launched Polestar 3 in October 2022
 Expects to launch three new cars by 2026
 Leading ambition of a climate-neutral car by 2030

Growing rapidly

2021 onwards

Source: Company information

We are Polestar — Our growing, diversified premium product portfolio



Polestar 1 Electric performance hybrid



Polestar 2 Electric performance fastback



Polestar 3 Electric performance SUV



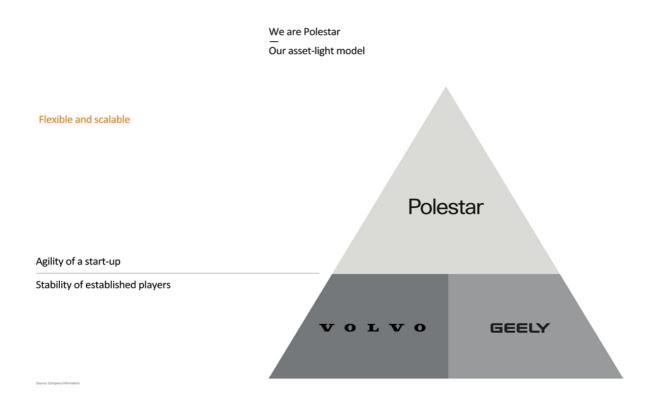
Polestar 4 Electric performance SUV coupe



Polestar 5 Electric performance 4-door GT



Polestar 6 Electric performance roadster



We are Polestar Our core pillars





Polestar O Project

8

01 Design

- Avant-garde, pure Scandinavian design
 High tech minimalism
 Design perfection focus
 Unique design attributes

Source: Company information

02 Innovation

- Bonded aluminium platform
 High-performance electric motors
 Advanced battery technology design
 R&D capability in the UK, Sweden and China

03 Sustainability

- Leading ambition of climate-neutral car by 2030
 Circular battery strategy, battery centers in place
 Blockchain-powered transparency through supply chain
 Ethical and inclusive work principles and values

We are Polestar — Our well-defined growth strategy

Global premium BEV market¹

+18% CAGR 2021-2026E

Expected new product launches

2023 – Polestar 4 2024 – Polestar 5 2026 – Polestar 6



01 Overall market opportunity 02 Rapidly expanding product portfolio 03 Growth in existing and new markets

1. Global market for BEV premium luxury vehicles. Source: Leading management consultancy, October 2022

We are Polestar

Our visionary , diverse and experienced management team



Mona Abbasi Customer Experience

Joined in 2019, from Husqvarna Group where she was Senior Vice President of Brand. Has over 20 years of experience in leading consumer and IT brands.



Mikael Björklund Digital

Joined in 2020 from Filippa K where he was Chief Operating Officer. Has over 13 years of business development and digital marketing experience.



Åsa Borg Brand & Marketing

Joined in 2020 from Volvo Cars where she was Chief Operating Officer of Care by Volvo. Has over 20 years of Brand, Marketing and automotive industry

Jörg Brandscheid CTO, R&D Joined in 2021 from Hella APAC where he was Executive Vice President Electronics. Has 30 years of automotive experience in several R&D roles.

Monika Franke HR Joined in 2019 from Volvo Cars where she held roles of Senior HR Director, Global R&D and Purchasing & Quality, Has 20 years of experience.





Anna Rudensjö

Joined in 2018 from SKF Group where she was Legal Director and Group Legal Counsel. Has 20 years of experience.

Legal

Fredrika Klaren

 Joined in 2020 from KappAhl where she was Head of Sustainability.
 Has over 10 years of dedicated sustainability experience across fashion and retail. Joined in 2017 from Volvo Cars where he was SVP of Design. Brings over 20 years of design, innovation and leadership experience in the automotive industry.



Johan Malmqvist CFO

Joined in 2021 from Dole Food Company where he was CFO. Has over 20 years of financial experience across multiple sect ne



Maximilian Missoni Design

Joined in 2018 from Volvo Cars where he was Vice President Exterior Design and Chief Designer Exterior. Has 20 years of experience within the automotive industry.



Strat&Bus. D

Joined in 2018 as Deputy CFO from Volvo Cars. Held finance and treasury roles for Volvo Cars and Ford Motor. Has 15 years of automotive industry experience.





Mike Whittington

Joined in 2018, previously worked with new EV introductions at Jaguar Land Rover, PSA, Mercedes-Benz and Toyota. Has over 20 years of experience.





Dennis Nobelius

Joined in 2020 from Zenuity (now Zenseact) where he was CEO. Has 20 years of R&D, operation and leadership experience in the automotive industry.



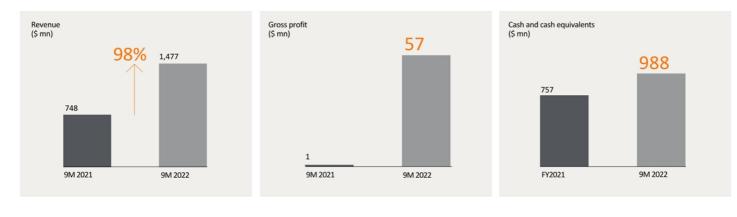
Joined in 2022 from Spotify where she was Senior Director of Communications. Has over 20 years of communication management experience.



ons & PR

Unaudited financial highlights for the nine months ended September <u>30</u>, 2022

Key financial highlights for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 (unaudited)



Delivered \$1.48bn in revenues

Note: All U.S. dollar figures on this slide rounded. Pr consolidated statement of income and comprehen

Mainly driven by higher Polestar 2 sales with continued commercial expansion across markets. Revenue per vehicle down slightly due to product and market mix.

Gross profit of \$57mn

As the result of higher sales of Polestar 2 and lower fixed manufacturing costs. This growth was partially offset by the continued deterioration of the Swedish Krona versus Chinese Renminbi which led to higher cost of sales.

Cash balance of approximately \$1bn

Benefited from the listing proceeds and increased liquidity provided by seven short-term working capital facilities secured during the period.

Key financial highlights for the nine months ended Sep 30, 2022

Revenue up 98%

Driven by higher Polestar 2 vehicle sales with continued market expansion

Gross profit up \$56mn

With higher sales of Polestar 2 and lower fixed manufacturing costs, partially offset by FX, product and market mix

SG&A up 31%

With rapid commercial expansion and significantly increased global presence

R&D down 22%

With lower amortisation, partially offset by technology spend

Operating loss up 64%

Reflecting investment in the business growth and a \$372mn non-recurring, noncash listing expense

 The listing expense in Q2 2022 represents a non-recurring, non-cash, share-based listing charge, incurred in connection with the busin problemation with George Gagginthem, Inc. on June 32, 2022.
 Note: All U.S. doi: I george on this skip consider. J Foreirage have been calculated using unrequirided amounts. See skip 37 for unaudited the start of the start

US\$ million	9M 2022	9M 2021	% Change
Revenue	1,477	748	98
Cost of sales	(1,419)	(747)	90
Gross profit	57	1	5,322
Gross margin (%)	3.9	0.1	2,645
SG&A expense	(625)	(478)	31
R&D expenses	(123)	(157)	(22)
Other operating income (expense), net	(18)	(23)	(22)
Listing expense ¹	(372)		100
Operating loss	(1,082)	(658)	64

Key financial highlights for the three months ended September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

Q3 2022 vs Q3 2021 variances largely followed the trends outlined for first 9M 2022 vs 9M 2021, with the following notable exceptions:

Gross margin of 0.9%

Due to higher negative market mix and FX headwinds

SG&A down 10%

Management actions in curtailing advertising, marketing and promotional activities in anticipation of lower volumes in Q3

Operating loss down 33% Due to higher revenues and cost management initiatives

US\$ million	Q3 2022	Q3 2021	% Change
Revenue	435	213	105
Cost of sales	(431)	(248)	74
Gross profit (loss)	4	(35)	(112)
Gross margin (%)	0.9	(16.3)	(106)
SG&A expense	(179)	(199)	(10)
R&D expenses	(25)	(51)	(51)
Other operating income (expense), net	3	(8)	(134)
Operating loss	(196)	(292)	(33)

U.S. dollar figures on this slide rounded. Percer

Cash flow for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 (unaudited)

Operating

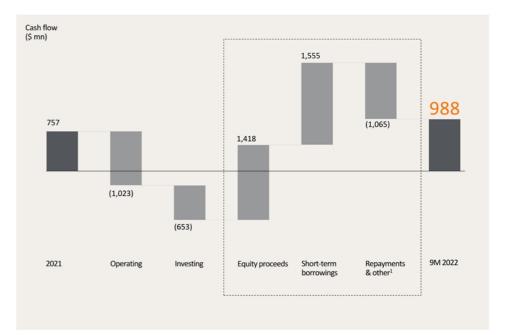
Mainly driven by working capital increase as well as higher operating losses and interest expenses

Investing

Predominantly driven by cash settlements for Polestar 2, 3 and 4 Intellectual Property investments

Financing

Comprised of equity proceeds, short-term working capital facilities, partially offset by principal repayments



Including effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents of 558m.
 Note: All U.S. dollar figures on this slide rounded. See slide 39 for unaudited condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for figure thousands of U.S. dollar.

\$1.6bn financing and liquidity support package from major shareholders

Financial support from Volvo Cars

- On November 3, 2022, Polestar entered into an 18-month term loan facility¹ with one of its major shareholders and affiliate, Volvo Cars, allowing multiple drawings for up to an aggregated principal amount of \$800mn.
- Under this agreement, Volvo Cars maintains an equity conversion option that is contingent upon a future equity raise by Polestar.

Key terms:

- \$800mn with the ability to draw up to \$150mn every month
- 4.97% margin + SOFR 6 months
- 18 months tenor
- Use of proceeds for general corporate purposes
- Drawable up to 15 months
- Optional conversion triggering event if new capital is raised for at least \$350mn and with at least five institutional investors

Financing and liquidity support from PSD Investment

- Polestar obtained commitment from PSD Investment, the other major shareholder, to provide direct and indirect financing and liquidity support on par with Volvo Cars' \$800mn term loan.
- Polestar expects that such direct and indirect support, which may or may not materialise, will be comprised of a combination of financing arrangements, including direct balance sheet support as well as activities designed to ensure Polestar has access to additional working capital facilities.
- Direct balance sheet support may include, but will not be necessarily limited to, purchases of noncore assets or entering into sale and leaseback arrangements over assets tied to car programs that are not part of the per piece price.
- Support for additional working capital facilities may include providing collateral support either directly or indirectly.
- Polestar expects all or the majority of this direct and indirect financing and liquidity support
 package will be made available during the course of 2023.

Vehicle sales guidance

50,000

Estimated revenue

c\$2.4bn

Expect revenues to reach approximately \$2.4bn for the year, driven by strong Q4 2022 sales.

Adequate funding through

2023

Majority of Polestar 2 cars set for Q4 2022 are making their way to our customers. Q4 2022 is expected to be our strongest on record yet. \$1.6bn¹ financing support package from major shareholders, alongside other potential financing activities, expected to provide sufficient funds through 2023.

Delivering on our strategy

Delivering our strategy Key investment highlights

01 Well-defined growth strategy

02

Asset-light model

03 Digital-first direct-to-consumer approach

04

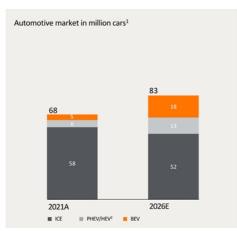
Core pillars: Design, Innovation, Sustainability



01

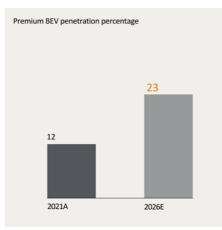
Well-defined growth strategy

Operating within the fastest-growing car segment

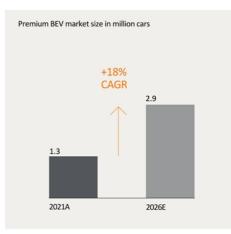


We operate in a large and competitive automotive market, with BEV market growth expected to outpace the overall market growth.

Excluding FCEV cars due to low volumes until 2026.
 Including PHEV and HEV vehicles.
 Source: Leading: management consultancy. October 2022



There is a significant BEV market opportunity, with premium segment BEV penetration expected to grow to 23% in 2026.



Global premium BEV vehicles market is one of the fastest growing segments with +18% CAGR.

Well-defined growth strategy — Rapidly expanding premium product portfolio



Segment	Sports Premium	C/D premium	SUV E premium	SUV D premium	F coupé premium	S roadster premium
ASP1	~\$155k	~\$50-70k	~\$80-120k	~\$60-80k	>\$100k	>\$200k
Range	~120km range	~540km	up to 610km ²	600km + ²	600km +2	600km + ²
Launch	2017	2019	2022	2023E	2024E	2026E

Prices vary by region. Estimated indicative US market pricing range as at November 2022, subject to change
 WUTP (Northwold Harmonised Light Vehicle Test Procedure) target range.
 Source: Company information, management estimates.

01

Well-defined growth strategy Extensive global market presence

Active markets Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, China, Denmark , Finland, Germany, Hong Kong, Iceland, Ireland, South Korea, Kuwait, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom and United States of America.

Global presence today



Asset-light model Combining the best of both worlds

Flexible and scalable set-up

02

Source: Company information

 Agility of a start-up
 Innovation and high-performance technologies
 Avant-garde design
 Leading sustainability goals
 Full vehicle attributes
 Digital first DTC business Polestar Stability of established players Over 100 years' of combined experience
 Platform development
 Engineering capability
 Supply chain and partnerships
 Manufacturing capacity
 Safety credentials
 Service network access **VOLVO** GEELY

Asset-light model — Access to state-of-the-art factories



Taizhou, China

Chengdu, China

Charleston, US

Chongqing, China¹

Hangzhou Bay, China

Opened 2016 2013 2015 2021 2024E Operated by Volvo Cars Volvo Cars Volvo Cars Geely Polestar Manufacturing Polestar 2 Polestar 3 Polestar 3 Polestar 4 Polestar 5

1. Operated by Polestar, owned by Geely. Source: Company information, management estimate

02

Digital-first direct-to-consumer approach Customers can browse our products, configure their vehicle and place their order online

Local support centres

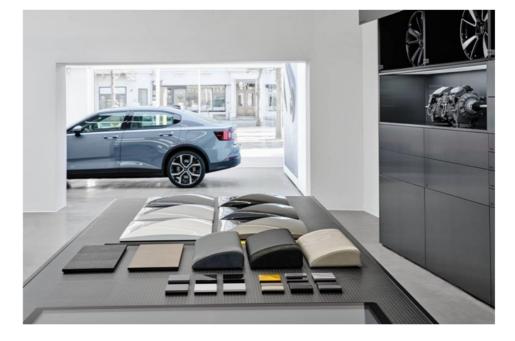
We continue to establish in-house care centres, creating a premium brand experience

Action through data driven insight

Monitor customer experiences across journeys to drive relevant and impactful improvements

Skilled specialists

Passionate, knowledgeable and service-minded Polestars with local knowledge and cultural know-how to serve our customers' needs



Digital-first direct-to-consumer approach Connected retail and ownership experience

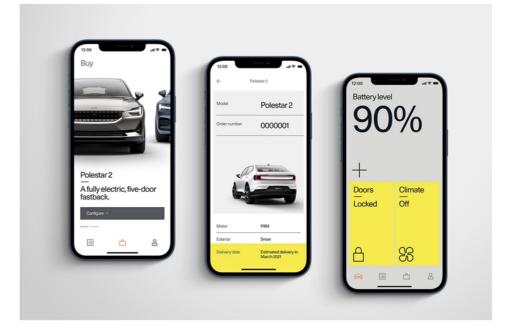
Explore and schedule

Explore Polestar vehicles online and schedule a test drive

arce: Company information

Configure and finance Configure and order online via web and mobile channels

Control and ownership Control vehicle functions and engage with support or book service



Digital-first direct-to-consumer approach

Expanding sales and service network

Locations

Permanent or pop up/temporary Polestar showrooms located in urban and peri-urban areas with retail and test drive opportunities.

Service points Leveraging established Volvo Cars service network for full service support.





Locations ¹			Service points ²		
2021	\rightarrow	9M 2022	2021	\rightarrow	9M 2022
103		128	811		1,033

Unique design attributes

- SmartZone sensor panel
 Integrated aerodynamic enhancers
 Rear view camera feed replaces rear window
 Extended panoramic glass roof
 Avant-garde interior with innovative materials
 High contrast, iconic design
 Integrated long-range LiDAR

Sustainable materials integration

- Sustainability declarations to show our progress
 Vegan standard interior
 MicroTech bio-attributed vinyl produced without fossil fuels
 Leather & wool from farms that are animal welfare certified, and leather tranning process is chrome free
 Bcomp natural fibre composites with flax fibres for seats and interior components



Core pillars Innovation - performance orientated technology development







Bonded aluminium platform

- Bonded aluminium platform developed in-house
 Set to provide class-leading dynamics, rigidity and safety features
 Technology usually applied to low-volume sports cars now brought into mainstream production

High-performance electric motors

- P10 rear motor with 450 kW (~603 hp)
 One of the most powerful electric motors in the world
 1-speed energy efficient transmission facilitating special requirements for multiple platforms
 Multiple installation options for easy integration with multiple platforms

Advanced battery technology design

- Developed 800V battery pack
 Switchable between 800V and 400V
 103 kWh possible to charge to 80% in ~20 minutes
 Bi-directional/vehicle-to-grid charging compatible

Core pillars Innovation - At the digital forefront



Infotainment system

04

- Infotainment system built on Android™ Automotive OS with Google built-in End-to-end integration of Android features Native applications without requiring smartphone connection _ _
- _

rce: Company information, management estimate

Over-the-air (OTA) updates

- _
- Vehicles updated with latest software Applicable to all cars 15 updates successfully executed, targeting range, efficiency, connectivity and driving experience improvements A new in-car Range Assistant app that is geared to assist drivers to improve efficiency and range confidence _
- Autonomous driving partners: Luminar Advanced Lidar System Nvidia centralised computing Zenseat AI powered software
 MobilityXlab global start-up community pipeline

Smart partnerships and collaborations

Core pillars Innovation - R&D capability

R&D Coventry, United Kingdom R&D Coventry, United Kingdom 400+ employees - Lightweight vehicle structures / bonded aluminium body - Program lead for Polestar inhouse developed programs - Overall vehicle development and release - Sports car production technology - In-car software development, testing and integration - Advanced engineering and research, Polestar 0

R&D Gothenburg, Sweden

- Stoff employees
 Electric powertrain and battery system development
 Setting of vehicle attributes and final sign off
 In-car software development
 Polestar Engineered performance components
 Advanced engineering and research, Polestar 0 Project

R&D Shanghai, China

25+ employees – Focused on bespoke Chinese market features development

R&D Volvo Cars and Geely Access to engineers and designers

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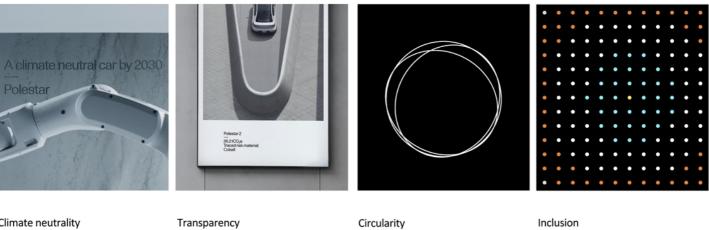








Core pillars Sustainability - our strategic focus areas



Climate neutrality

- Climate-neutral platform Climate-neutral materials Climate-neutral manufacturing Renewable energy in the supply chain -

Transparency

- Material traceability
 Supply chain transparency
 Product sustainability declaration
 Sustainability reporting

Circularity

- Circular battery design
 Renewable energy in supply chain
 Remanufacturing of batteries
 Collaborations for second life
 Collaborations for recycling

- Human rights in supply chain
 Ethical business practices
 Inclusive workplace
 Inclusive design
 Inclusive customer experience

Core pillars — Sustainability - Climate neutrality

2030 climate neutral car

2040 climate neutral company



SSAB Hydro Autoliv ZF Boliden Pensana Papershell Sekab Bulten Hexpol TPE Plasman YFPO Mistra Ovako Stilride GG Group Carbon Exit

Our goals

With our ambitious goals we are determined to improve the society we live in by accelerating the shift to more sustainable mobility.

Polestar 0 Project

To create a sense of urgency we set ourselves a leading ambition. We want to create a truly climate-neutral car by 2030 without relaying on offsets. Our project is focused on eliminating all emissions from raw material extraction, material manufacture, product manufacture and end of life.

Our current partners

Now in a research phase, we are constantly expanding our partnerships with industry leaders in areas such as steel, aluminium, composites, chemicals and electronics.

Core pillars

Sustainability - Transparency

Life cycle assessments (LCAs)

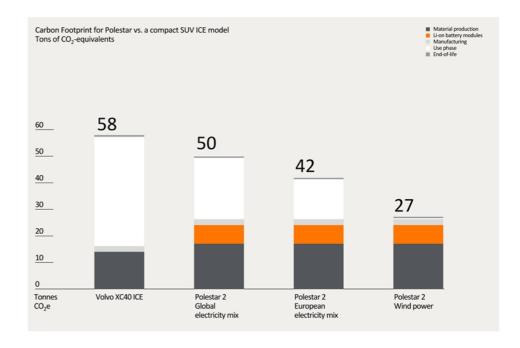
Pioneering transparency by disclosing LCAs with full methodology of all models

Consumer transparency

Industry unique product sustainability declaration allows consumers to compare sustainability credentials

Supply chain traceability Blockchain powered traceability on risk materials

Sustainability reporting Delivering annual sustainability reporting since 2020 in adherence with Global Reporting Initiative standards



Appendix

Financial statements

_____ Unaudited condensed consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income (loss)

in thousands of U.S. dollars except per share data and unless otherwise stated	For the three mo			ths ended 30 September
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenue	435,449	212,896	1,476,746	747,674
Cost of sales	(431,390)	(247,647)	(1,419,271)	(746,614)
Gross profit	4,059	(34,751)	57,475	1,060
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(178,643)	(199,290)	(625,424)	(478,144)
Research and development expenses	(24,598)	(50,529)	(123,353)	(157,400)
Other operating expenses and income, net	2,781	(8,291)	(17,961)	(23,060)
Listing expense	—	-	(372,318)	-
Operating loss	(196,401)	(292,861)	(1,081,581)	(657,544)
Finance income	711	9,606	1,485	24,810
Finance expenses	(60,539)	(16,135)	(111,966)	(28,511)
Fair value change - Earn-out rights	546,961	-	965,668	-
Fair value change - Class C Shares	14,059	-	35,590	-
Loss before income taxes	304,791	(299,390)	(190,804)	(661,254)
Income tax expense	(5,404)	(3,058)	(12,543)	(9,414)
Net income (loss)	299,387	(302,448)	(203,347)	(670,668)
Net loss per share (in U.S. dollars)				
Basic	0.14	(1.30)	(0.22)	(2.94)
Diluted	0.14	(1.30)	(0.22)	(2.94)
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Loss				
Net income (loss)	299,387	(302,448)	(202.247)	(670,668)
Other comprehensive loss:	299,387	(502,448)	(203,347)	(070,008)
Uther comprehensive loss: Items that may be subsequently reclassified to the Consolidated Statement of Loss:				
Exchange rate differences from translation of foreign operations	4,688	(10.965)	15,347	(20.257)
		(10,965)		(29,257)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	4,688	(10,965)	15,347	(29,257)
Total comprehensive loss	304,075	(313,413)	(188,000)	(699,925)

Financial statements

Unaudited condensed consolidated statement of financial position

in thousands of U.S. dollars	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Assets		
Non-current assets		
Intangible assets and goodwill	1,299,877	1,368,356
Property, plant and equipment	255,917	208,193
Vehicles under operating leases	88,973	120,626
Deferred tax asset	_	3,850
Other investments	2,185	_
Other non-current assets	2,211	1,682
Total non-current assets	1,649,163	1,702,707
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	988,259	756,677
Marketable securities	<u> </u>	1,258
Trade receivables	102,117	157,753
Trade receivables - related parties	117,337	14,688
Accrued income - related parties	3,372	5,103
Inventories	686,572	545,743
Current tax assets	5,962	5,562
Other current assets	96,680	120,202
Total current assets	2,000,299	1,606,986
Total assets	3,649,462	3,309,693

in thousands of U.S. dollars	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Equity		
Share capital	(21,090)	(1,865,909)
Other contributed capital	(3,581,360)	(35,231)
Foreign currency translation reserve	1,437	16,784
Accumulated deficit	3,464,333	1,761,860
Total equity	(136,680)	(122,496)
Liabilities		
Non-current liabilities		
Contract liabilities	(36,283)	(28,922)
Deferred tax liabilities	(463)	(509)
Other non-current provisions	(66,738)	(38,711)
Other non-current liabilities	_	(11,764)
Earn-out liability	(534,970)	-
Other non-current interest-bearing liabilities	(61,992)	(66,575)
Total non-current liabilities	(700,446)	(146,481)
Current liabilities		
Trade payables	(65,235)	(114,296)
Trade payables - related parties	(817,780)	(1,427,678)
Accrued expenses - related parties	(171,540)	(315,756)
Advance payments from customers	(47,082)	(36,415)
Current provisions	(47,781)	(44,042)
Liabilities to credit institutions	(1,176,582)	(642,338)
Current tax liabilities	(5,222)	(13,089)
Interest-bearing current liabilities	(16,936)	(10,283)
Interest-bearing current liabilities - related parties	(8,986)	(13,789)
Contract liabilities	(45,621)	(58,368)
Class C Shares liability	(27,500)	_
Other current liabilities	(314,604)	(364,662)
Other current liabilities - related parties	(67,467)	-
Total current liabilities	(2,812,336)	(3,040,716)
Total liabilities	(3,512,782)	(3,187,197)
Total equity and liabilities	(3,649,462)	(3,309,693)

Financial statements

Unaudited condensed consolidated statement of cash flows

in thousands of U.S. dollars	For the nine m Septemb	
	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	(203,347)	(670,668)
Adjustments to reconcile Net loss to net cash flows		
Depreciation and amortization	140,063	184,431
Finance income	(1,485)	(24,801)
Finance expense	111,966	28,511
Fair value change - Earn-out rights	(965,668)	-
Fair value change - Class C Shares	(35,590)	-
Listing expense	372,318	_
Income tax expense	12,543	9,414
Other non-cash expense and income, net	12,497	43,243
Change in operating assets and liabilities		
Inventories	(311,154)	(145,378)
Vehicles under operating leases	17,722	(59,552)
Contract liabilities	(16,390)	34,218
Trade receivables, prepaid expenses and other assets	(43,458)	210,426
Trade payables, accrued expenses and other liabilities	(60,645)	244,442
Interest received	1,485	1,082
Interest paid	(37,075)	(6,367)
Taxes paid	(17,207)	(4,079)
Cash used for operating activities	(1,023,425)	(155,078)

in thousands of U.S. dollars	For the nine months ended September 30,		
	2022	2021	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(7,452)	(24,807)	
Additions to intangible assets	(642,846)	(47,364)	
Additions to other investments	(2,480)	-	
Cash used for investing activities	(652,778)	(72,171)	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Change in restricted cash	—	50,225	
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	1,555,201	250,313	
Principal repayments of short-term borrowings	(957,186)	(341,863)	
Principal repayments of lease liabilities	(11,332)	(4,460)	
Proceeds from the issuance of share capital and other contributed capital	1,417,973	585,231	
Transaction costs	(38,903)	(2,843)	
Cash provided by financing activities	1,965,753	536,603	
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(57,968)	(18,706)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	231,582	290,648	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	756,677	316,424	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	988,259	607,072	

Investor update for the nine months ended September 30, 2022

Contact information

For questions, please contact:

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Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations

The following discussion includes information that is relevant to understanding Polestar's financial condition and results of operations and should be read together with the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as of September 30, 2022 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, included elsewhere in this report. Refer to the Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 29, 2022 for information related to the year ended December 31, 2021. All amounts presented in this report are shown in thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share data and unless otherwise stated.

Key figures

		tember 30, Dec	<u>ember 31,</u> 2021
Statement of financial position			
Cash and cash equivalents		988,259	756,677
Total assets	3	,649,461 3,	309,693
Total equity	((136,680) (122,496)
Total liabilities	(3	,512,782) (3,	187,197)
	For the nine mo Septembo 2022		For the year ended December 31, 2021
Statement of loss	2022	2021	2021
Revenue	1,476,746	747,674	1,337,181
Cost of sales	(1,419,271)	(746,614)	(1,336,321)
Gross profit	57,475	1,060	860
Operating expenses ¹	(1,139,056)	(658,604)	(995,699)
Operating loss	(1,081,581)	(657,544)	(994,839)
Finance income and expense, net	890,777	(3,710)	(12,279)
Income tax expense	(12,543)	(9,414)	(336)
Net loss	(203,347)	(670,668)	(1,007,454)
Statement of cash flows			
Cash used for operating activities	(1,023,425)	(155,078)	(312,156)
Cash used for investing activities	(652,778)	(72,171)	(129,672)
Cash provided by financing activities	1,965,753	536,603	909,572
Key metrics			
Class A and B shares outstanding at period end	2,109,378,547	232,404,595	232,404,595
Share price at period end ²	5.06	N/A	N/A
Net loss per share (basic and diluted)	(0.22)	(2.94)	(4.39)

Equity ratio ³	3.75%	16.16%	3.71%
Global volumes ⁴	30,424	15,178	28,677
Volume of external vehicles without repurchase obligations	28,204	12,362	23,760
Volume of external vehicles with repurchase obligations	799	1,535	2,836
Volume of internal vehicles	1,421	1,281	2,081
Markets ⁵	27	16	19
Locations ⁶	128	101	103
Service points7	1,033	738	811

1 - Included in operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 is a non-recurring as well as non-cash USD 372.3 million charge relating to listing expenses incurred upon the merger with Gores Guggenheim, Inc. ("GGI") on June 23, 2022. See also section "Reverse recapitalization.

- Calculated as total equity divided by total assets. 3

4 - Represents total volumes of new vehicles delivered, including external sales with recognition of revenue at time of delivery, external sales with repurchase commitments and internal sales of vehicles transferred for demonstration and commercial purposes as well as vehicles transferred to Polestar employees at time of registration. Transferred vehicles for demonstration and commercial purposes are owned by Polestar and included in Inventory.

- Represents the markets in which Polestar operates.
- 6
- Represents Polestar Spaces, Polestar Destinations, and Polestar Test Drive Centers.
 Represents Volvo Cars service centers to provide access to customer service points worldwide in support of Polestar's international expansion. The comparison figure for September 30, 2021 is an estimate as the number of service points at period end was not recorded internally.

Key factors affecting performance

Polestar's continued growth depends on numerous factors and trends. While these factors and trends provide opportunities for Polestar, they also pose risks and challenges as discussed in item 3.D "Risk Factors" in Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 29, 2022. The following paragraphs explain the key factors that had a notable impact on Polestar during the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Partnerships with Volvo Cars and Geely

Polestar's relationship with related parties, Volvo Cars and Geely, has provided it with a unique competitive advantage in its ability to rapidly scale commercialization activities while maintaining an asset light balance sheet. This is achieved primarily through contract manufacturing as well as supply and service agreements with Volvo Cars and Geely. Polestar continues to utilize the established research and development capabilities of Volvo Cars Geely to accelerate technological advancements in automotive technology. Additionally, selling and administrative expenses have been positively impacted due to service agreements with Volvo Cars that allow Polestar to attain operational efficiencies in the areas of aftermarket services, maintenance, and back-office functions such as information technology, legal, accounting, finance, and human resources.

² - Represents PSNY share price at September 30, 2022. Share prices at the end of prior periods are not disclosed as Polestar was not publicly traded.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, Polestar entered into the following agreements with Volvo Cars and Geely.

- A service agreement with Volvo Cars, effective January 28, 2022, that governs Polestar's outbound logistics through the utilization of Volvo Cars' existing vehicle distribution process in the United States.
- Technology license agreements with Geely, effective March 4, 2022, that govern Polestar's acquisition of certain technology from Geely related to the Polestar 4.
- Service agreements with Volvo Cars, effective June 21, 2022, that govern the import and export of Polestar vehicles into and out of the United States by Volvo Cars.

Refer to Note 8 - Related party transactions in the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report for more information.

Reverse recapitalization

On June 23, 2022, Polestar consummated a capital reorganization via the merger with Gores Guggenheim, Inc. ("GGI"), a special purpose acquisition company. Polestar subsequently began trading on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotations ("Nasdaq") on June 24, 2022 under the ticker symbol PSNY. In addition to providing Polestar with access to new funding sources in the United States capital markets, the merger, including all related arrangements, raised net cash proceeds of \$1,417,973. Gross proceeds of \$638,197 was assumed from GGI, \$250,000 was sourced from a private placement in public equity ("PIPE"), and \$588,826 was sourced from a preferential share subscription with Volvo Cars. Polestar incurred total transaction costs of \$97,953 in connection with the merger, of which \$59,050 were attributable to GGI and deducted from the gross proceeds raised.

The merger was accounted for as a reverse recapitalization in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") 2, *Share-based Payment*, under which Polestar obtained a listing service in exchange for the issuance of 5.1% equity ownership. Accordingly, Polestar recorded a non-recurring as well as non-eash share-based listing expense of \$372,318 that was calculated based on the excess of the fair value of equity ownership in Polestar issued to GGI and third-party PIPE investors over the identifiable net assets and cash assumed on June 23, 2022. The fair value of Polestar equity on June 23, 2022 was based on a closing share price of \$11.23 per share, a contributing factor to the size of the listing expense. This non-recurring listing expense is included in operating expenses and reflected in operating loss.

As part of the merger, Polestar exchanged rights and obligations to the public and private warrant instruments of GGI, which maintained fair values of \$40,320 and \$22,770, respectively, on June 23, 2022. Polestar also issued certain rights to earn-out shares to existing owners with a fair value of \$1,500,638 on June 23, 2022. These earn-out rights were granted to existing owners of Polestar as stipulated by the business combination agreement with GGI, dated on September 27, 2021. These instruments are accounted for as derivative liabilities under International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation*, and IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, that are carried at fair value with subsequent changes in fair value recognized in the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Loss at each reporting date. On June 23, 2022, the day of the merger, these earn out rights were recorded as a reduction of equity (and a derivative liability) with an amount of \$1,500,638.

Refer to Note 1 - Significant accounting policies and judgements and Note 9 - Reverse recapitalization in the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report for more information.

Impact of COVID-19, Russo-Ukrainian War, and inflation

In certain instances, Polestar's suppliers and business partners have experienced delays or disruptions from COVID-19, resulting in negative impacts to Polestar. Specifically, the prolonged government mandated quarantines and lockdowns in eastern China during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 delayed production and delivery of critical components for the Polestar 2. Polestar estimates that it lost approximately eight weeks of production at Volvo Cars' Luqiao plant during the period.

Further, while Polestar does not directly conduct any business with suppliers in Russia or the Ukraine, there can be no assurance that all parts of the supply chain are devoid of any exposure to disruptions caused by the Russo-Ukrainian War. Refer to Item 3.D "*Risk Factors*" in Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 29, 2022 for information on risks posed by COVID-19 and the Russo-Ukrainian War.

The broader impacts of COVID-19 and the Russo-Ukrainian War include rising inflationary pressures on prices of components, materials, labor, and equipment used in the production of Polestar vehicles. Particularly, increases in battery prices due to the increased prices of lithium, cobalt, and nickel are expected to lead to higher costs of goods sold. While price increases for these components have already taken place in the market, Polestar has not yet experienced an increase in costs of goods sold due to certain contract terms between our related party contract manufacturer, Volvo Cars, and their sub-suppliers. Additionally, the natural time lag created by the production, shipping, and selling of vehicles has also contributed to a delay in price increases experienced by Polestar. Higher oil prices have also increased freight and distribution costs across all markets. It is uncertain whether these inflationary pressures will persist in the future. Polestar remains vigilant and will continue to closely monitor the effects of COVID-19, the Russo-Ukrainian War, and inflation.

Results of operations

Polestar conducts business under one operating segment with commercial operations in North America, Europe, and Asia. Refer to Note 1 - Significant accounting policies and judgements in the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report for more information on the basis of presentation. Refer to Note 1 - Significant accounting policies and judgements in the Consolidated Financial Statements for Polestar Automotive Holding Limited, as of, and for the year ended, December 31, 2021 that were included the Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 29, 2022 for more information related to segment reporting.

Comparison of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

The following table summarizes Polestar's historical Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021:

	For the thre ended Sept		Varianc	e	For the nine ended Septe		Variano	re
	2022	2021	\$	%	2022	2021	\$	%
Revenue	435,449	212,896	222,553	105	1,476,746	747,674	729,072	98
Cost of sales	(431,390)	(247,647)	(183,743)	74	(1,419,271)	(746,614)	(672,657)	90
Gross profit (loss)	4,059	(34,751)	38,810	(112)	57,475	1,060	56,415	5,322
Selling, general, and administrative expense	(178,643)	(199,290)	20,647	(10)	(625,424)	(478,144)	(147,280)	31
Research and development expense	(24,598)	(50,529)	25,931	(51)	(123,353)	(157,400)	34,047	(22)
Other operating income (expense), net	2,781	(8,291)	11,072	(134)	(17,961)	(23,060)	5,099	(22)
Listing expense					(372,318)		(372,318)	N/A
Operating loss	(196,401)	(292,861)	96,460	(33)	(1,081,581)	(657,544)	(424,037)	64
Finance income	711	9,606	(8,895)	(93)	1,485	24,801	(23,316)	(94)
Finance expense	(60,539)	(16,135)	(44,404)	275	(111,966)	(28,511)	(83,455)	293
Fair value change - Earn-out rights	546,961		546,961	N/A	965,668	_	965,668	N/A
Fair value change - Class C Shares	14,059	—	14,059	N/A	35,590	_	35,590	N/A
Income (loss) before income taxes	304,791	(299,390)	604,181	(202)	(190,804)	(661,254)	470,450	(71)
Income tax expense	(5,404)	(3,058)	(2,346)	77	(12,543)	(9,414)	(3,129)	33
Net income (loss)	299,387	(302,448)	601,835	(199)	(203,347)	(670,668)	467,321	(70)

Revenues

Polestar's revenue increased by \$222,553 or 105%, from \$212,896 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 to \$435,449 for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Revenue from related parties decreased by \$3,775, or 18%, from \$21,232 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 to \$17,457 for the three months ended September 30, 2022.

Polestar's revenue increased by \$729,072 or 98%, from \$747,674 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to \$1,476,746 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Revenue from related parties increased by \$30,059, or 42%, from \$70,964 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to \$101,024 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

The following table summarizes the components of revenue and related changes between interim periods:

		For the three months ended September 30,		Variance For the nine months ended September 30,			Variance	
	2022	2021	\$	%	2022	2021	\$	%
Revenues								
Sales of vehicles	425,299	204,869	220,430	108	1,442,116	722,152	719,964	100
Sales of software and performance engineered kits	4,451	5,537	(1,086)	(20)	15,313	19,817	(4,504)	(23)
Sales of carbon credits	162	-	162	—	1,475	—	1,475	—
Vehicle leasing revenue	4,559	2,001	2,558	128	12,493	2,155	10,338	480
Other revenue	978	489	489	100	5,349	3,550	1,799	51
Total	435,449	212,896	222,553	105	1,476,746	747,674	729,072	98

Sales of vehicles increased by \$220,430, or 108%, from \$204,869 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 to \$425,299 for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Sales of vehicles increased by \$719,964, or 100%, from \$722,152 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to \$1,442,116 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase was driven by greater volumes of Polestar 2 sales across major geographic markets such as the United States, the United Kingdom, Germany, Sweden, and South Korea.

Revenue per vehicle decreased slightly for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2021 primarily due to Polestar 2 model mix and market mix. During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the majority of vehicles sold were long-range dual motor variants of the Polestar 2 while the lower priced long-range single motor and standard-range single motor variants represented a greater share of revenue during the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Continued market expansion outside of Europe, where net revenue per car is generally lower, was a contributing factor in decreased revenue per vehicle during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 as compared to the comparative period.

Sales of software and performance engineered kits decreased by \$1,086, or 20%, from \$5,537 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 to \$4,451 for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Sales of software and performance engineered kits decreased by \$4,504, or 23%, from \$19,817 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to \$15,313 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The decrease across both comparative periods is a result of Polestar's shifting focus to its own vehicles and a decrease in Volvo Cars' sales of Polestar's performance engineered kits.

Vehicle leasing revenue increased by \$2,558, or 128%, from \$2,001 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 to \$4,559 for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Vehicle leasing revenue increased by \$10,338, or 480%, from \$2,155 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to \$12,493 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Notestate began selling vehicles with repurchase obligations during the first half of 2021 and continued to increase the number of vehicles sold with repurchase obligations in the subsequent periods. This resulted in the increase to vehicle leasing revenue during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 as compared to the comparative periods.

Other revenue increased by \$489, or 100%, from \$489 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 to \$978 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 to \$978 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 to \$5,349 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The increase is driven primarily by higher royalties from Volvo Cars' sales of parts and accessories for Polestar vehicles.

Cost of sales and gross profit

Cost of sales increased by \$183,743, or 74%, from \$247,647 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 to \$431,390 for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Gross profit (loss) increased by \$38,810, or 112%, from a loss of \$34,751 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 to a profit of \$4,059 for the three months ended September 30, 2022.

Cost of sales increased by \$672,657, or 90%, from \$746,614 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to \$1,419,271 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Gross profit increased by \$56,415 from \$1,060 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to \$57,475 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

In general, the increases in cost of sales and gross profit across comparative periods are the result of expanded production and commercialization of Polestar 2 vehicles. Both cost of sales and gross profit were negatively impacted by higher freight and distribution costs per vehicle across all markets during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, partially offset by lower fixed manufacturing costs due to the winding down of Polestar 1 manufacturing in 2021. The decrease in revenue per vehicle from model mix and market mix during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 also had a direct impact on gross profit.

Continued deterioration of the SEK/CNY foreign exchange rate has been a contributing factor to higher costs of sales and reduced margin development. The SEK/CNY foreign exchange rate weakened by approximately 8.6% during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 from 0.70 on January 1, 2022 to 0.64 by September 30, 2022. During the comparative period, the SEK/CNY foreign exchange rate weakened by approximately 6.3% from 0.79 on January 1, 2021 to 0.74 by September 30, 2021. In total, the SEK/CNY foreign exchange rate has weakened by approximately 19% since January 1, 2021. This trend impacts Polestar's gross profit as a transaction effect of contract manufacturing in China when Polestar's purchasing entity is denominated in a functional currency that is weaker than CNY.

Selling, general, and administrative expense

Selling, general, and administrative expense decreased by \$20,647, or 10%, from \$199,290 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 to \$178,643 for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The decrease is primarily due to lower advertising, marketing, and promotional activities in the three months ended September 30, 2022. Polestar's began curtailing advertising, marketing and promotional activities during the three months ended September 30, 2022 after experiencing a period of heavier spend in the twelve months prior.

Selling, general, and administrative expense increased by \$147,280, or 31%, from \$478,144 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to \$625,424 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021. The increase is primarily due to (1) higher investments in advertising, marketing, and promotional activities during the first half of 2021 as part of Polestar's commercial expansion across new and existing markets, (2) increased professional service fees related to accounting, finance, and information technology, and (3) higher wages and salaries associated with scaling headcount of Polestar's sales and administrative personnel to meet the demands of the growing business and becoming a publicly listed company.

Research and development expense

Research and development expense decreased by \$25,931, or 51%, from \$50,529 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 to \$24,598 for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Research and development expense decreased by \$34,047, or 22%, from \$157,400 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to \$123,353 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

The decrease is primarily the result of lower amortization of intangible assets related to the Polestar 1, which was fully amortized during the 2021 period, and positive translation effects on our research and development activities the United Kingdom which are transacted in SEK. The lower amortizations for Polestar 1 and the USD translation impacts are partially offset by increased research and development activities related to future vehicles and battery electric technologies, including the Polestar Precept and the P10 powertrain.

Other operating income (expense), net and Listing expense

Other operating income (expense), net increased by \$11,072, or 134%, from an expense of \$8,291 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 to an income of \$2,781 for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Other operating expense, net decreased by \$5,099, or 22%, from \$23,060 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to \$17,961 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The changes during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 as compared to the respective comparative periods are primarily driven by lower negative foreign exchange effects on payables to Volvo Cars and Geely for the contract manufacturing of the Polestar 2. The listing expense, of \$372,318 incurred upon the merger with GGI on June 23, 2022 is non-recurring and presented separately below Other operating income (expense), net. Refer to Note 9 - Reverse recapitalization in the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report for more information.

Finance income and Finance expense

Finance income decreased by \$8,895, or 93%, from \$9,606 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 to \$711 for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Finance income decreased by \$23,316, or 94%, from \$24,801 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to \$1,485 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The decrease is primarily driven by a negative net foreign exchange effect related to financial items for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

Finance expense increased by \$44,404, or 275%, from \$16,135 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 to \$60,539 for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Finance expense increased by \$83,455 from \$28,511 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to \$111,966 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. These increases are primarily related to higher interest expense associated with financing arrangements and overdue trade payables to Volvo Cars.

Fair value change - Earn out rights

The earn-out rights were issued in connection with the capital reorganization that was consummated on June 23, 2022. As such, there is no comparison figure for 2021. The gain on the fair value change of the earn out liability for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$546,961 and \$965,668, respectively. These gains are primarily attributable to a decrease in Polestar's share price from \$11.23 on June 23, 2022 (i.e., closing of the merger with GGI and issuance of the earn-out rights) to \$5.06 on September 30, 2022 and increased market volatility.

Leveraging on a benchmark of peers, the implied asset volatility used in the Monte Carlo simulation increased from of 60% as of June 23, 2022 and 70% as of September 30, 2022.

Fair value change - Class C Shares

As part of the capital reorganization via the merger with GGI on June 23, 2022, Polestar exchanged rights and obligations to the public and private warrant instruments of GGI. The gain on the fair value change of these warrants (Class C Shares in Polestar) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$14,059 and \$35,590, respectively. These gains are primarily attributable to a decrease in the price of the Class C-1 Shares from \$2.52 on June 23, 2022 (i.e., closing of the merger with GGI and exchange of the warrants) to \$1.10 on September 30, 2022 and a decrease in the estimated value of the Class C-2 Shares from \$2.53 to \$1.10 over the same period. Polestar utilizes a binomial lattice model to calculate the value of the Class C-2 Shares from \$2.5% to 88%, and risk-free rate from 3.12% to 4.04% over the same period.

Liquidity and capital resources

Polestar continues to finance its operations primarily through the issuance of equity instruments, various short-term credit facilities, including working capital facilities, term loans with related parties, sale-leaseback arrangements, and extended trade credit with related parties. The principal uses of liquidity and capital are funding operations, market expansion, and investments in Polestar's future vehicles and automotive technologies. Substantial doubt about Polestar's ability to continue as a going concern persists as timely realization of financing endeavors is necessary to cover forecasted operating and investing cash outflow. Refer to Note 1 - Significant accounting policies and judgements, Note 7 - Liabilities to credit institutions, and Note 9 - Reverse recapitalization in the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report for more information.

Comparison of the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

As of September 30, 2022, Polestar had cash and cash equivalents of \$988,259 as compared to \$756,677 as of December 31, 2021. The following table summarizes Polestar's Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021:

		ended September 30,	
	2022	2021	\$
Cash used for operating activities	(1,023,425)	(155,078)	(868,347)
Cash used for investing activities	(652,778)	(72,171)	(580,607)
Cash provided by financing activities	1,965,753	536,603	1,429,150

Cash used for operating activities

Cash used for operating activities increased by \$868,347, from \$155,078 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to \$1,023,425 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The change is primarily attributable to a larger operating loss and negative changes in working capital during the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Cash used for inventories increased by \$165,776, from \$145,378 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. This change is primarily attributed to accelerated production of the Polestar 2 following the end of the COVID-19 lockdowns in eastern China that occurred in the first half of 2022, necessary in order to be able to deliver on open customer orders.

Cash provided by changes in trade receivables, prepaid expenses, and other assets decreased by \$253,884, from a cash inflow of \$210,426 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021, primarily reflecting the impact of higher outstanding trade receivables with Volvo Cars. Cash provided by changes in trade payables, accrued expenses, and other liabilities decreased by \$305,087, from a cash inflow of \$244,442 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to a cash outflow of \$244,442 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to a cash outflow of \$60,645 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, primarily due to higher repayments of trade payables and accrued expenses with Volvo Cars and Geely during the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Cash used for investing activities

Cash used for investing activities increased by \$580,607 from \$72,171 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to \$652,778 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The change was primarily the result of significantly more cash settlements with Volvo Cars and Geely for prior period investments in intellectual property related to the Polestar 2, Polestar 3 and Polestar 4. Polestar also made an investment of \$2,480 in the fast-charging battery technology innovator, StoreDot, during the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Cash provided by financing activities

Cash provided by financing activities increased by \$1,429,150, from \$536,603 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to \$1,965,753 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The change was primarily the result of (1) the merger with GGI that occurred on June 23, 2022 and (2) increased liquidity provided by seven short-term working capital facilities secured by Polestar during the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The merger with GGI and related arrangements provided Polestar with net cash proceeds of \$1,417,973. Polestar's borrowings provided \$1,555,201 in gross cash proceeds during the period, of which \$815,541 was sourced from six short-term working capital facilities with Chinese banking partners, \$642,520 was sourced from a green trade revolving credit facility with a syndicate of European banks, and \$97,130 was sourced from multiple low-value floorplan and sale-leaseback facilities, including a small credit facility with Volvo Cars. These gross cash proceeds were partially offset by principal repayments of \$957,186 during the period, of which \$597,467 was used to settle three short-term working capital facilities with Chinese banking partners, \$271,412 was used to settle amounts due on the green trade revolving credit facility, and \$88,307 was used to settle amounts due on the low-value floorplan and sale-leaseback facilities, including the credit facility with Volvo Cars.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, Polestar sourced \$832,701 in financing which was comprised of (1) \$547,157 from an equity injection from various investors, including Geely, (2) \$250,313 from short-term working capital facilities with Chinese and European banking partners, and (3) \$35,231 from a convertible note issuance to various investors, including Geely. These gross cash proceeds were partially offset by principal repayments of \$341,863 during the period, all of which was used to settle three short-term working capital facilities and amounts due on low-value floorplan and sale-leaseback facilities.

Contractual obligations and commitments

Polestar is party to contractual obligations to make payments to third parties and related parties in the form of short-term credit facilities, sale leaseback arrangements, and various other leasing arrangements. Polestar also has certain capital commitments to purchase property, plant and equipment and intellectual property. The following table summarizes Polestar's estimated future cash expenditures related to contractual obligations and commitments as of September 30, 2022:

	Payments due by period Less than		
Contractual obligations and commitments	Total	1 year	After 1 year
Capital commitments	515,942	352,128	163,814
Credit facilities, including sale-leasebacks	1,185,568	1,185,568	—
Lease obligations	92,274	16,936	75,338
Total	1,793,784	1,554,632	239,152

Critical accounting estimates

The following paragraphs discuss new accounting estimates applied during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 that are critical to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations and that require significant, difficult, subjective, or complex judgements.

Fair value measurement – methodologies for measuring the fair value of the financial liabilities related to the Class C-2 Shares and the contingent earn-out rights

The Class C-2 Shares and the contingent earn-out rights are derivative financial instruments that are carried at fair value through profit and loss. Quoted or observable prices for these financial instruments are not available in active markets, requiring Polestar to estimate the fair value of the instruments each period utilizing certain valuation techniques.

The fair value of the financial liability for the Class C-2 Shares is measured using a binomial lattice option pricing model that incorporates a geometric Brownian motion and references the observable price of the Class C-1 Shares. The Class C-1 Shares are almost identical instruments and are publicly traded on the NASDAQ (i.e., an active market). The inputs for this valuation technique include (1) the price of the Class C-1 Shares, (2) the implied volatility of the Class C-2 Shares, determined by reference to the implied volatility of the Class C-1 Shares, (3) the 5-year risk-free rate, and (4) the dividend yield of the Class C-2 Shares. Polestar considers these inputs to be primarily observable by reference to information on the Class C-1 Shares and other information available to the public (e.g., the 5-year risk-free rate is available by reference to published U.S. treasury rates), resulting in a Level 2 measurement methodology.

The fair value of the financial liability for the earn-out rights is measured using a Monte Carlo simulation. The inputs for this valuation technique include (1) the remaining term of the instrument, (2) the five earn-out tranches, (3) the probability of the Polestar's Class A Shares reaching certain daily volume weighted average prices during the earn out period resulting in the issuance of each tranche of Class A Shares and Class B Shares, as determined by leveraging the implied volatility of the Class A Shares, and (4) the 5-year risk-free rate. The price and implied volatility of the Class A Shares are the most significant inputs to the Monte Carlo Simulation. The implied volatility is unobservable, requiring Polestar to calculate this input by reference to estimations of the asset volatility of common equity of peers. This results in a Level 3 measurement methodology.

Exhibit 99.3

The Polestar Group Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as of September 30, 2022 and for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 1

The Polestar Group Index to unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (in thousands of U.S. dollars except per share data and unless otherwise stated)

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The Polestar Group Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income (Loss) (in thousands of U.S. dollars except per share data and unless otherwise stated)

Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss)		For the three n Septeml		For the nine me Septemb	
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenue	2	435,449	212,896	1,476,746	747,674
Cost of sales		(431,390)	(247,647)	(1,419,271)	(746,614)
Gross profit (loss)		4,059	(34,751)	57,475	1,060
Selling, general, and administrative expense		(178,643)	(199,290)	(625,424)	(478,144)
Research and development expense		(24,598)	(50,529)	(123,353)	(157,400)
Other operating income (expense), net		2,781	(8,291)	(17,961)	(23,060)
Listing expense	9			(372,318)	_
Operating loss		(196,401)	(292,861)	(1,081,581)	(657,544)
Finance income		711	9,606	1,485	24,801
Finance expense		(60,539)	(16,135)	(111,966)	(28,511)
Fair value change - Earn-out rights	9	546,961	—	965,668	—
Fair value change - Class C Shares	9	14,059		35,590	_
Income (loss) before income taxes		304,791	(299,390)	(190,804)	(661,254)
Income tax expense		(5,404)	(3,058)	(12,543)	(9,414)
Net income (loss)		299,387	(302,448)	(203,347)	(670,668)
Net income (loss) per share (in U.S. dollars)	4				
Basic		0.14	(1.30)	(0.22)	(2.94)
Diluted		0.14	(1.30)	(0.22)	(2.94)
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss)					
Net income (loss)		299,387	(302,448)	(203,347)	(670,668)
Other comprehensive income (loss):					
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to the Consolidated Statement of Loss:					
Exchange rate differences from translation of foreign operations		4,688	(10,965)	15,347	(29,257)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		4,688	(10,965)	15,347	(29,257)
Total comprehensive income (loss)		304,075	(313,413)	(188,000)	(699,925)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Polestar Group Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Note	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Intangible assets and goodwill	5	1,299,877	1,368,356
Property, plant, and equipment		255,917	208,193
Vehicles under operating leases	3	88,973	120,626
Deferred tax asset		—	3,850
Other investments	10	2,185	_
Other non-current assets		2,211	1,682
Total non-current assets		1,649,163	1,702,707
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		988,259	756,677
Marketable securities		_	1,258
Trade receivables		102,117	157,753
Trade receivables - related parties	8	117,337	14,688
Accrued income - related parties	8	3,372	5,103
Inventories		686,572	545,743
Current tax assets		5,962	5,562
Other current assets		96,680	120,202
Total current assets		2,000,299	1,606,986
Total assets		3,649,462	3,309,693

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Polestar Group Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Note	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Equity	6		
Share capital		(21,090)	(1,865,909)
Other contributed capital		(3,581,360)	(35,231)
Foreign currency translation reserve		1,437	16,784
Accumulated deficit		3,464,333	1,761,860
Total equity		(136,680)	(122,496)
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Contract liabilities	2	(36,283)	(28,922)
Deferred tax liabilities		(463)	(509)
Other non-current provisions		(66,738)	(38,711)
Other non-current liabilities			(11,764)
Earn-out liability	9, 10	(534,970)	_
Other non-current interest-bearing liabilities	3	(61,992)	(66,575)
Total non-current liabilities		(700,446)	(146,481)
Current liabilities			
Trade payables		(65,235)	(114,296)
Trade payables - related parties	8	(817,780)	(1,427,678)
Accrued expenses - related parties	8	(171,540)	(315,756)
Advance payments from customers		(47,082)	(36,415)
Current provisions		(47,781)	(44,042)
Liabilities to credit institutions	7	(1,176,582)	(642,338)
Current tax liabilities		(5,222)	(13,089)
Interest-bearing current liabilities	3	(16,936)	(10,283)
Interest-bearing current liabilities - related parties	8	(8,986)	(13,789)
Contract liabilities	2	(45,621)	(58,368)
Class C Shares liability	9, 10	(27,500)	—
Other current liabilities		(314,604)	(364,662)
Other current liabilities - related parties	8	(67,467)	
Total current liabilities		(2,812,336)	(3,040,716)
Total liabilities		(3,512,782)	(3,187,197)
Total equity and liabilities		(3,649,462)	(3,309,693)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Polestar Group Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Note	For the nine m Septemb 2022	
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net loss		(203,347)	(670,668
Adjustments to reconcile Net loss to net cash flows			
Depreciation and amortization		140,063	184,431
Finance income		(1,485)	(24,801
Finance expense		111,966	28,511
Fair value change - Earn-out rights		(965,668)	—
Fair value change - Class C Shares		(35,590)	—
Listing expense	9	372,318	—
Income tax expense		12,543	9,414
Other non-cash expense and income, net		12,497	43,243
Change in operating assets and liabilities			
Inventories		(311,154)	(145,378)
Vehicles under operating leases	3	17,722	(59,552
Contract liabilities	2	(16,390)	34,218
Trade receivables, prepaid expenses and other assets		(43,458)	210,426
Trade payables, accrued expenses and other liabilities		(60,645)	244,442
Interest received		1,485	1,082
Interest paid		(37,075)	(6,367
Taxes paid		(17,207)	(4,079
Cash used for operating activities		(1,023,425)	(155,078)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(7,452)	(24,807
Additions to intangible assets	5	(642,846)	(47,364
Additions to other investments		(2,480)	_
Cash used for investing activities		(652,778)	(72,171
Cash flows from financing activities			
Change in restricted cash		_	50,225
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	7	1,555,201	250,313
Principal repayments of short-term borrowings	7	(957,186)	(341,863
Principal repayments of lease liabilities	3	(11,332)	(4,460
Proceeds from the issuance of share capital and other contributed capital	1	1,417,973	585,231
Transaction costs	1	(38,903)	(2,843
Cash provided by financing activities		1,965,753	536,603
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(57,968)	(18,706
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		231,582	290,648
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		756,677	316,424
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		988,259	607,072
- ·			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Polestar Group Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (in thousands of U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Share capital	Other contributed capital	Currency translation reserve	Accumulated deficit	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2020		1,318,752		16,365	(754,406)	580,711
Net loss		—	—	_	(670,668)	(670,668)
Other comprehensive loss				(29,257)		(29,257)
Total comprehensive loss				(29,257)	(670,668)	(699,925)
Shareholders' contribution		_	35,231	_	_	35,231
Issuance of new shares, net		547,157				547,157
Balance as of September 30, 2021		1,865,909	35,231	(12,892)	(1,425,074)	463,174
Balance as of December 31, 2021		1,865,909	35,231	(16,784)	(1,761,860)	122,496
Net loss		_	—	_	(203,347)	(203,347)
Other comprehensive loss				15,347		15,347
Total comprehensive loss			_	15,347	(203,347)	(188,000)
Merger with Gores Guggenheim Inc.	9	21,090	1,673,322	_	(1,500,638)	193,774
Changes in the consolidated group	9	(1,865,909)	1,865,909	—	1,512	1,512
Equity-settled share-based payment	11		6,898			6,898
Balance as of September 30, 2022		21,090	3,581,360	(1,437)	(3,464,333)	136,680

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Note 1 - Significant accounting policies and judgements

General information

Polestar Automotive Holding UK PLC (formerly known as Polestar Automotive Holding UK Limited) (the "Parent" or "ListCo"), together with its subsidiaries, hereafter referred to as "Polestar", "Polestar Group," and the "Group", is a limited company incorporated in the United Kingdom. Polestar Group operates principally in the automotive industry, engaging in research and development, manufacturing, branding and marketing, and the commercialization of battery electric vehicles, technologies, and services. Polestar Group operates in 27 markets across Europe, North America, and Asia. Global headquarters is located at Assar Gabrielssons väg 9, 418 78 Göteborg, Sweden.

Merger with Gores Guggenheim, Inc.

Gores Guggenheim, Inc. ("GGI") was a special purpose acquisition company ("SPAC") formed for the purpose of effecting a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or a similar business combination. GGI was incorporated in Delaware on December 21, 2021 and completed its initial public offering ("IPO") on March 25, 2021.

On September 27, 2021, GGI entered into a Business Combination Agreement ("BCA") with Polestar Automotive Holding Limited, a Hong Kong incorporated company ("Former Parent"), Polestar Automotive (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., a private company limited by shares in Singapore, Polestar Holding AB, a private limited liability company incorporated under the laws of Sweden, Polestar Automotive Holding UK Limited, a limited company incorporated under the laws of the Former Parent, and PAH UK Merger Sub Inc., a Delaware corporate and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of ListCo ("US Merger Sub").

On June 23, 2022 ("Closing"), the Former Parent consummated a reverse recapitalization pursuant to the terms and conditions of the BCA. At the Closing, Polestar Holding AB and its subsidiaries became wholly owned subsidiaries of ListCo. US Merger Sub merged with GGI, pursuant to which the separate corporate existence of US Merger Sub ceased and GGI became a wholly owned subsidiary of ListCo. Simultaneously, the following events occurred:

- the Convertible Notes of the Former Parent outstanding immediately prior to the Closing were automatically converted into 4,306,466 Class A Shares in ListCo;
- the Former Parent was separated from Polestar Group and issued 294,877,349 Class A Shares in ListCo, 1,642,233,575 Class B Shares in ListCo, and the right to receive an earn out of a variable number of additional Class A Shares and Class B Shares, depending on the daily volume weighted average price of Class A Shares in the future;
- all GGI units outstanding immediately prior to the Closing held by GGI stockholders were automatically separated and the holder was
 deemed to hold one share of GGI Class A Common Stock and one-fifth of a GGI Public Warrant;
- all GGI Class A Common Stock issued and outstanding, other than those held in treasury, were exchanged for 65,389,140 Class A Shares in ListCo;



- all GGI Class F Common Stock issued and outstanding, other than those held in treasury, were exchanged for 18,459,165 Class A Shares in ListCo;
- · all GGI Common Stock held in treasury were canceled and extinguished without consideration;
- all GGI Public Warrants issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Closing were exchanged for 15,999,965 Class C-1 Shares in ListCo with effectively the same terms as the GGI Public Warrants and are exercisable for Class A Shares in ListCo;
- all GGI Private Warrants issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Closing were exchanged for 9,000,000 Class C-2 Shares in ListCo with effectively the same terms as the GGI Private Warrants and are exercisable for Class A Shares in ListCo;
- pursuant to the PIPE Subscription Agreements, third-party investors purchased 25,423,445 Class A Shares in ListCo and Volvo Cars
 purchased 1,117,390 Class A Shares in ListCo, for a total of 26,540,835 Class A Shares in ListCo for an aggregate total of \$250,000; and
- pursuant to the Volvo Cars Preference Subscription Agreement, Volvo Cars purchased 58,882,610 Preference Shares in ListCo for an
 aggregate total of \$588,826 which automatically converted to Class A Shares in ListCo thereafter.

The merger with GGI, including all related arrangements, raised net cash proceeds of \$1,417,973. Gross proceeds of \$638,197 was assumed from GGI, \$250,000 was sourced from the PIPE Subscription Agreement, and \$588,826 was sourced from the Volvo Cars Preference Subscription Agreement. Polestar incurred total transaction costs of \$97,953 in connection with the merger, of which \$59,050 were attributable to GGI and deducted from the gross proceeds raised. The merger was accounted for as a reverse recapitalization, in accordance with the relevant International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Refer to Note 9 - Reverse recapitalization for additional information on the reverse recapitalization.

Immediately following the closing of the transaction, ListCo changed its name to Polestar Automotive Holding UK PLC and began trading on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotations ("Nasdaq") under the ticker symbol PSNY.

As of September 30, 2022, the Former Parent (including also direct ownership by Volvo Cars owns 94.7% of the Group. The remaining 5.3% is owned by external investors.

Basis of preparation

The Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this interim report of Polestar Group are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* ("IAS 34"), as adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). For financial reporting purposes, Polestar Group companies apply the same accounting principles, irrespective of national legislation, as defined in the Group accounting drincetives. Such accounting principlas have been applied consistently for all periods, unless otherwise stated.

This interim report is prepared in the presentation currency, U.S. Dollar ("USD"). All amounts are stated in thousands of USD ("TUSD"), unless otherwise stated.

Going concern

Polestar Group's Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on a basis that assumes Polestar Group will continue as a going concern and the ordinary course of business will continue in alignment with management's 2022-2025 business plan.

Management assessed Polestar Group's ability to continue as a going concern and evaluated whether there are certain events or conditions, considered in the aggregate, that may cast substantial doubt about Polestar Group's ability to continue as a going concern. All information available to management pertaining to the twelve-month period after the issuance date of these Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements was used in performing this assessment.

Historically, Polestar Group has financed its operations primarily through short-term working capital loan arrangements with credit institutions (i.e., 12 months or less), contributions from shareholders, and extended trade credit from related parties. Since inception, Polestar Group has primarily generated recurring operating losses and negative operating and investing cash flows. Operating losses for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$196,401 and \$292,861, respectively. Operating losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$1,081,581 and \$657,544, respectively.

Negative operating and investing cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$1,676,203 and \$227,249, respectively. Management forecasts that Polestar Group will continue to generate negative operating and investing cash flows in the near-future, until sustainable commercial operations are achieved. Securing financing to support operating and development activities represents an ongoing challenge for Polestar Group.

Management's 2022-2025 business plan indicates that Polestar Group depends on additional financing that is expected to be funded via a combination of new short-term working capital loan arrangements, shareholder loans, long-term loan arrangements, and new share issuances. The timely realization of these financing endeavors is crucial for Polestar Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If these financing endeavors are not successful or sufficient enough to cover forecasted operating and investing cash flow needs, Polestar Group will need to seek additional funding through other means. Management has no certainty that Polestar Group will be successful in securing the funds necessary to continue operating and development activities as planned.

Based on these circumstances, management has determined there is substantial doubt about Polestar Group's ability to continue as a going concern. There are ongoing efforts in place to mitigate the uncertainty. The Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements do not include any adjustments to factor for the going concern uncertainty.

Adoption of new and revised standards

Management concluded the adoption of new and revised accounting pronouncements has not and will not have a material impact on the Group's Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. The adoptions of accounting pronouncements issued, but not effective, for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 will not have a material impact to the Group's Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. For a detailed assessment of the Group's adoption of new and revised standards, refer to Note 1 - Significant accounting policies and judgements of the Consolidated Financial Statements for Polestar Automotive Holding Limited, as of, and for the year ended, December 31, 2021 that were included in the Form 20-F filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on June 29, 2022.

Presentation, basis of consolidation, segment reporting, and foreign currency

For a detailed description of the Group's presentation, basis of consolidation, segment reporting, and foreign currency, including currency risk, refer to Note 1 - Significant accounting policies and judgements and Note 2 - Financial risk management of the Consolidated Financial Statements for Polestar Automotive Holding Limited, as of, and for the year ended, December 31, 2021 that were included in the Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 29, 2022. There are no changes for the periods presented in these Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The following tables show the breakdown of the Group's revenue from external customers and non-current assets (i.e., property, plant, and equipment ("PPE"), intangibles, goodwill, vehicles under operating leases and other investments) by geographical location:

	For the three months ended September 30,		For the nine months ended September 30,	
Revenue	2022	2021	2022	2021
USA	103,020	49,258	317,251	80,844
Sweden	67,681	16,453	222,838	110,024
United Kingdom	49,992	36,742	187,209	127,427
Germany	52,182	22,843	154,391	81,683
Norway	25,599	30,379	142,121	167,340
Korea	48,775	—	92,516	—
Netherlands	11,583	17,089	67,520	64,045
Belgium	8,825	9,015	51,533	35,231
Canada	24,002	3,455	48,171	10,735
Denmark	6,613	14,967	45,544	16,724
China	2,889	4,131	34,532	20,350
Other regions1	34,288	8,564	113,120	33,271
Total	435,449	212,896	1,476,746	747,674

1 - Revenue: Other regions primarily consist of Austria, Switzerland, Finland, and Australia in 2022. Other regions primarily consist of Switzerland in 2021.

	As of September 30, 2022	As of December 31, 2021
Non-current assets ²		
Sweden	1,052,930	954,842
China	500,520	637,900
USA	49,394	64,072
Germany	22,590	24,009
Belgium	3,234	1,571
Canada	3,055	3,139
Netherlands	2,333	2,541
United Kingdom	2,190	2,484
Norway	2,047	1,660
Other regions ³	8,659	4,958
Total	1,646,952	1,697,176

2 - Non-current assets; excluded Other non-current assets.

3 - Non-current assets: Other regions primarily consist of Switzerland, Austria and Denmark in 2022 and Switzerland and Austria in 2021.

Accounting policies

Polestar Group continues to apply the same accounting policies, methods, estimates and judgements as described in Note 1 - Significant accounting policies and judgements of the Consolidated Financial Statements for Polestar Automotive Holding Limited, as of, and for the year ended, December 31, 2021 that were included in the Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 29, 2022. Additions to these accounting policies and methods due to new events that occurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 are described below.

Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net income or loss for the period by the weighted average number of Class A Shares and Class B Shares in ListCo outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the net income for the period and the weighted average number of Class A Shares and Class B Shares outstanding for the effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares ("POSs") outstanding during the period (i.e., Class A Shares and/or Class B Shares that the Group is obligated to issue, or might issue under certain circumstances, in accordance with various contractual arrangements). The Group's POSs are classified based on the nature of their instrument or arrangement and then the earnings per incremental share ("EPIS") is calculated for each class of POS to determine if they are dilutive or anti-dilutive. Anti-dilutive POSs are excluded from the calculation of dilutive earnings per share.

EPIS is calculated as (1) the consequential effect on profit or loss from the assumed conversion of the class of POS (i.e., the numerator adjustment) divided by (2) the weighted average number of outstanding POSs for the class (i.e., the denominator adjustment). The EPIS denominator adjustment depends on the class of POS. The Group's classes of POSs and their related EPIS denominator adjustment methods are as follows:

POS Class Unvested equity-settled share-based payments	EPIS Denominator Adjustment Method Treasury share ¹
Class C Shares	Treasury share
Earn-out Rights and PSUs	The number of shares issuable if the reporting date were the end of the contingency period
Convertible Notes	The number of shares issued assuming conversion occurred at the beginning of the reporting period

1 - The treasury share method prescribed by IAS 33, *Earnings Per Share* ("IAS 33"), includes only the bonus element as the EPIS denominator adjustment. The bonus element is the difference between the number of ordinary shares that would be issued at the exercise of the options and the number of ordinary shares deemed to be repurchased at the average market price.

Share-based payments

Share-based payments qualify as either cash-settled or equity-settled transactions, depending on the nature of their settlement terms. When the participant has the option for cash or equity settlement, the awards are classified as a compound financial instrument consisting of an equity and a financial liability component. When the Group has the option for cash or equity settlement, the awards are classified as equity-settled unless the Group has the obligation to settle in cash (i.e., the award provides the participant with a put option to the Group).

Cash settled share-based payment awards are recognized as a financial liability at their fair value on the date of grant and remeasured at each reporting date until the date of settlement, with changes in fair value recognized in profit and loss. Equity-settled share-based payment awards are recognized in equity using the fair value as of the date of grant and not remeasured thereafter. The expense associated with share-based payments is recognized over the period in which services are provided by the participant, immediately if services are deemed to have already been provided by the participant, or a combination thereof if services were already provided and the participant will continue to provide services over a future period. Share-based payment expenses are recorded in the functional cost category of the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income (Loss) that corresponds with the nature of the services provided.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Group granted equity settled share-based payments to employees in the form of free shares, restricted stock units ("RSU"), and performance stock units ("PSU") through the 2022 Omnibus Incentive Plan. The Group also granted equity settled share-based payments in exchange for certain marketing services through November 1, 2023 and the service of a public listing of the Group on the Nasdaq through the merger with GGI. Refer to Note 9 - Reverse recapitalization for detail on the merger with GGI. Refer to Note 9 - Reverse recapitalization for detail on the Merger with GGI. Refer to Note 9 - Reverse recapitalization for detail on the merger with GGI. Refer to Note 9 - Reverse recapitalization for detail on the 2022 Omnibus Incentive Plan and marketing service agreement.

Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of these Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, in accordance with IAS 34, requires management to make judgements, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of the Group's accounting policies, the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and other related financial items. Management reviews its estimates and assumptions on a continuous basis; changes in accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised, and prospectively thereafter. Details of new critical estimates and judgements which the Group considers to have a significant impact on these Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are set out below and the corresponding impacts can be seen in the following notes:

a) Valuation of the financial liability for the Class C-1 Shares and Class C-2 Shares (collectively, "Class C Shares") - refer to Note 9 - Reverse recapitalization.

b) Valuation of the financial liability for the Former Parent's contingent earn out right - refer to Note 9 - Reverse recapitalization.

Actual results could differ materially from those estimates using different assumptions or under different conditions.

Fair value measurement

Valuation methodology for the fair value of the financial liability related to the Class C-2 Shares

The Class C-2 Shares represents a derivative financial instrument that is carried at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL") by reference to Level 2 measurement inputs because an observable price for the Class C-1 Shares, which are almost identical instruments, is available in the active market. Class C Shares are presented in current liabilities within the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as they can be exercised by the holder at any time. The related liability is measured at fair value, with any changes in fair value recognized in earnings. The fair value of the Class C-2 Shares is determined using a binomial lattice option pricing model in a risk-neutral framework whereby the future prices of the Class A Shares are calculated assuming a geometric Brownian motion ("GBM"). For each future price, the Class C-2 payoff amount is calculated based on the contractual terms of the Class C-2 Shares is calculated as the probability-weighted present value over all modeled future payoff amounts. As of September 30, 2022, the fair value of the Class C-2 Shares was determined to equal approximately \$9,900 by leveraging the closing price of the Class C-1 Shares on the Nasdaq of \$1.10 per share, an implied volatility of \$8.8%, a risk-free rate of 4.04%, a dividend yield of nil, and a 1,000 time-steps for the binomial lattice option pricing model. Refer to Note 9 - Reverse recapitalization for more detail on the Class C-2 Shares.

Valuation methodology for the fair value of the financial liability related to the Former Parent's contingent earn-out rights

The Former Parent's contingent earn out right represents a derivative financial instrument that is carried at FVTPL by reference to Level 3 measurement inputs because a quoted or observable price for the instrument or an identical instrument is not available in active markets. The earn-out liability is presented in non-current liabilities within the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position to align with the expected timing of the underlying earn-out payments. The fair value of the earn out is determined using a Monte Carlo simulation that incorporates a term of 5.23 years, the five earn-out tranches, and the probability of the Class A Shares in ListCo reaching certain daily volume weighted average prices during the earn-out period resulting in the issuance of each tranche of Class A Shares and Class B Shares in ListCo to the Former Parent. As of September 30, 2022, the fair value of the earn-out was determined to equal approximately \$534,970 by leveraging an implied volatility of 70% and a risk-free rate of 4.01%. The implied volatility represents the most significant unobservable input utilized in this Level 3 valuation technique. The calculated fair value would increase (decrease) if the implied volatility were higher (lower). Refer to Note 9 - Reverse recapitalization for more detail on the Former Parent's earn-out rights.

Valuation methodology for the fair value of RSUs and PSUs granted to employees under the 2022 Omnibus Incentive Plan

The fair value of the RSUs granted was determined by reference to the Group's share price of \$6.72 on the grant date (i.e., \$6.72 per RSU). The fair value of PSUs granted was determined by calculating the weighted-average fair value of the 214,705 units linked to market-based vesting conditions and the 644,116 units linked to non-market-based vesting conditions. The units linked to non-market-based vesting conditions were fair valued by reference to the Group's share price of \$6.72 on the grant date (i.e., \$6.72 per unit). The units linked to market-based vesting conditions were fair valued using a Monte Carlo simulation in a risk-neutral option pricing framework whereby the future share prices of Polestar's Class A Shares and shares of the peer group over the performance period were calculated assuming a GBM. For each simulation path, the payoff amount of the awards was calculated as the simulated price of the Class A Shares multiplied by the simulated total shareholder return vesting (i.e., the number of awards simulated to vest based on the probability of achievement of certain performance conditions) and then discounted to the grant date at the term-matched risk-free rate. The fair value per unit of the units linked to non-market-based vesting conditions was determined to be \$7.93 by leveraging an implied volatility of 70%, a peer group historical average volatility of 81.9%, a risk-free rate of 3.5%, a simulation term of 2.3 years, a dividend yield of nil, and a 100,000 simulation iterations. As such, the weighted-average fair value per SU was calculated to be \$7.02. Refer to Note 11 - Share-based payments for more detail on the 2022 Omnibus Incentive Plan.

Note 2 - Revenue

Polestar Group disaggregates revenue by major category based on the primary economic factors that may impact the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows from these customer contracts as seen in the table below:

		For the three months ended September 30,		onths ended er 30,
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Sales of vehicles and related services1	425,299	204,869	1,442,116	722,152
Sales of software and performance engineered kits	4,451	5,537	15,313	19,817
Sales of carbon credits	162	_	1,475	_
Vehicle leasing revenue	4,559	2,001	12,493	2,155
Other revenue	978	489	5,349	3,550
Total	435,449	212,896	1,476,746	747,674

1 - Revenue related to sale of vehicles are inclusive of extended and connected services recognized over time.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, other revenue primarily consisted of license revenue generated from sales-based royalties received from Volvo Cars on sales of parts and accessories for Polestar vehicles.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, no sole customer, that are not related parties, exceeded 10% of total revenue. The Group's two largest customers that are not related parties accounted for \$95,148 (12.73%) and \$82,867 (11.08%) of revenue, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 2021. Refer to Note 8 - Related party transactions for further details on revenues from related parties.

Contract liabilities

	Sales generated obligation	Deferred revenue - extended service	Deferred revenue - connected services	Deferred revenue - operating leases & other	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2022	24,702	23,680	18,593	20,315	87,290
Provided for during the period	49,410	19,408	10,215	6,964	85,997
Settled during the period	(54,478)	—	_	—	(54,478)
Released during the period	—	(8,818)	(2,535)	(16,226)	(27,579)
Translation differences and other	(1,220)	(3,957)	(2,874)	(1,275)	(9,326)
Balance as of September 30, 2022	18,414	30,313	23,399	9,778	81,904
of which current	18,414	14,999	3,412	8,796	45,621
of which non-current	—	15,314	19,987	982	36,283

As of September 30, 2022, contract liabilities amounted to \$81,904, of which \$18,414 was related to variable consideration payable to fleet customers in the form of volume related bonuses and \$63,490 was related to remaining performance obligations associated with sales of vehicles and vehicle leasing revenue.

Note 3 - Leases

The following table depicts the changes in the Group's right-of-use assets, which are included within Property, plant, and equipment:

	Buildings and land	Machinery and equipment	Total
Acquisition cost		equipment	
Balance as of January 1, 2022	45,113	50,099	95,212
Additions	31,957	_	31,957
Reclassification	_	(847)	(847)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate differences	(9,366)	(5,312)	(14,678)
Balance as of September 30, 2022	67,704	43,940	111,644
Accumulated depreciation			
Balance as of January 1, 2022	(10,159)	(15,447)	(25,606)
Depreciation expense	(8,755)	(6,054)	(14,809)
Reclassification	_	847	847
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate differences	1,840	2,052	3,892
Balance as of September 30, 2022	(17,074)	(18,602)	(35,676)
Carrying amount as of September 30, 2022	50,630	25,338	75,968

Amounts related to leases recognized in the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income (Loss) are as follows:

		For the three months ended September 30,		onths ended er 30,
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Expense relating to short-term leases	487	79	1,322	208
Expense relating to leases of low value assets	1,031	1,103	2,942	3,139
Interest expense on leases	698	540	2,398	1,689
Income from sub-lease right of use assets	274	234	889	234

The current and non-current portion of the Group's lease liabilities are as follows:

	As of September 30, 2022	As of December 31, 2021
Current lease liability	16,936	10,250
Non-current lease liability	61,992	66,575
Total	78,928	76,825

Expected future lease payments to be made to satisfy the Group's lease liabilities are as follows:

	As of September 30, 2022	As of December 31, 2021
Within 1 year	16,936	10,250
Between 1 and 2 years	18,396	11,715
Between 2 and 3 years	17,237	10,375
Between 3 and 4 years	8,594	8,596
Between 4 and 5 years	7,822	42,032
Later than 5 years	23,289	6,361
Total	92,274	89,329

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, total cash outflows for leases amounted to \$11,332 and \$4,460, respectively.

As a lessor, revenue recognized from operating leases are as follows:

		For the three months ended September 30,		onths ended er 30,
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Vehicle leasing revenue	4,559	2,001	12,493	2,155

For the majority of the Group's operating lease contracts as a lessor, vehicles are paid for upfront by the customer at contract inception and repurchased by Polestar at the end of the lease term. In a few cases such vehicles are not paid upfront. As of September 30, 2022, expected future undiscounted lease payments to be received in those cases amounts to \$297. All of which will be earned within 12 months. The following table depicts the changes in the Group's vehicles under operating leases:

	Vehicles under operating leases
Acquisition cost	
Balance as of January 1, 2022	124,764
Additions	22,749
Reclassification to inventory	(43,007)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate differences	(6,298)
Balance as of September 30, 2022	98,208
Accumulated depreciation	
Balance as of January 1, 2022	(4,138)
Depreciation expense	(7,865)
Reclassification to inventory	2,536
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate differences	232
Balance as of September 30, 2022	(9,235)
Carrying amount as of September 30, 2022	88,973

Note 4 - Net income (loss) per share

The following table presents the computation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021:

	For the three months ended September 30,		For the nine months ended September 30,	
	2022 Class A and B Common	2021 Class A and B Common	2022 Class A and B Common	2021 Class A and B Common
Numerator:				
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	299,387	(302,448)	(203,347)	(670,668)
Denominator:				
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding				
Basic	2,109,199,199	232,404,595	913,056,665	228,309,237
Diluted	2,109,587,244	232,404,595	913,056,665	228,309,237
Net income (loss) per share (in ones):				
Basic	0.14	(1.30)	(0.22)	(2.94)
Diluted	0.14	(1.30)	(0.22)	(2.94)



The following table presents shares that were not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share as of three and nine months ended, September 30, 2022 and 2021, as the shares would be antidilutive:

		For the three months ended September 30,		onths ended er 30,
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Earn-out Shares	158,177,609		158,177,609	
Class C-1 Shares	15,999,965	_	15,999,965	_
Class C-2 Shares	9,000,000	_	9,000,000	_
PSUs	858,821	_	858,821	_
RSUs	—	—	629,303	
Free share plan	334,990	_	334,990	_
Marketing services agreement	_	_	156,250	_
Convertible Notes	—	4,306,466	—	4,306,466
Total antidilutive shares	184,371,385	4,306,466	185,156,938	4,306,466
	10 1,0 1 1,000	.,		

Refer to Note 6 - Equity for more details on the rights of Class A and B common shareholders.

Note 5 - Intangible assets and goodwill

The following table depicts the split between Polestar Group's intangible assets, goodwill and trademarks:

	Intangible assets, goodwill and trademarks
Intangible assets	1,254,210
Goodwill and trademarks	45,667
Balance as of September 30, 2022	1,299,877

Intangible assets were as follows:

	Internally developed IP	Software	Acquired IP	Total
Acquisition cost				
Balance as of January 1, 2022	151,884	1,267	1,541,855	1,695,006
Additions ¹	73,688	_	201,699	275,387
Replacement cost development project	(9,565)	_	_	(9,565)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate differences	(35,450)	(211)	(274,703)	(310,364)
Balance as of September 30, 2022	180,557	1,056	1,468,851	1,650,464
Accumulated amortization and impairment				
Balance as of January 1, 2022	(15,659)	(283)	(366,637)	(382,579)
Amortization expense	(1,372)	(111)	(83,768)	(85,251)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate differences	2,987	59	68,530	71,576
Balance as of September 30, 2022	(14,044)	(335)	(381,875)	(396,254)
Carrying amount as of September 30, 2022	166,513	721	1,086,976	1,254,210

1 - Of \$275,387 in additions for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, \$198,994 has been settled in cash. These \$198,994 are included in the \$642,846 in the cash-flow statement in cash from investing activities related to additions to intangible assets, while \$443,852 is settled in cash in 2022 but added as investments through Trade payables - related parties in prior years.

Additions to internally developed IP are primarily related to the Polestar Precept concept car and various other internal programs, such as model year changes, for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Additions of acquired IP during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 were related to acquisitions of the Polestar 2 ("PS2") and Polestar 3 ("PS3") IP from Volvo Cars. Polestar also acquired IP related to the Polestar 4 ("PS4") from Geely. Refer to Note 8 - Related party transactions for further details.

Changes to the carrying amount of goodwill and trademarks during the period were as follows:

	Goodwill	Trademarks	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2022	53,282	2,647	55,929
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate differences	(9,776)	(486)	(10,262)
Balance as of September 30, 2022	43,506	2,161	45,667

Note 6 - Equity

Between January 1, 2022, and prior to the Closing of the merger with GGI, there were no events impacting the Group's equity other than the issuance of 50,000 British Pound Sterling ("GBP") Redeemable Preferred Shares in ListCo with a par value of GBP 1.00, equivalent to \$65, to the Former Parent. This issuance was part of ListCo's incorporation in the United Kingdom as a subsidiary of the Former Parent in preparation for the Closing of the merger with GGI. The issuance was included in Other contributed capital within the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. Refer to Note 1 - Significant accounting policies and judgements for the list of events impacting equity upon the Closing of the merger with GGI. The following instruments of ListCo were issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2022:

- 467,144,972 Class A Shares with a par value of \$0.01, of which 241,264,235 were owned by related parties;
- 1,642,233,575 Class B Shares with a par value of \$0.01, of which all were owned by related parties;
- 15,999,965 Class C-1 Shares with a par value of \$0.10;
- 9,000,000 Class C-2 Shares with a par value of \$0.10; and
- 50,000 Redeemable Preferred Shares with a par value of GBP 1.00.

Holders of Class A Shares in ListCo are entitled to one vote per share and holders of Class B Shares in ListCo are entitled to ten votes per share. Holders of Class C Shares in ListCo are entitled to one vote per share for certain matters, but have no voting rights with respect to general matters voted on by holders of Class A Shares and Class B Shares in ListCo. Additionally, holders of GBP Redeemable Preferred Shares in ListCo have no voting rights. Any dividends or other distributions paid by ListCo shall be issued to holders of outstanding Class A Shares and Class B Shares in ListCo. Holders of Class C Shares and GBP Redeemable Preferred Shares in ListCo. Holders of Class C Shares and GBP Redeemable Preferred Shares in ListCo. Holders of Class C Shares and GBP Redeemable Preferred Shares in ListCo are not entitled to participate in any dividends or other distributions. Refer to Note 9 - Reverse recapitalization for additional information on the Class C Shares.

Changes to the number of Class A Shares and Class B Shares in ListCo issued and outstanding during the period were as follows:

	Class A	Class B
Balance as of January 1, 2022	197,026,729	35,377,866
Issuance during the period	_	_
Conversion from Class A to Class B	—	—
Balance as of June 23, 2022	197,026,729	35,377,866
Issuance during the period	172,267,623	_

Removal of Polestar Automotive Holding Limited from the Group		
Conversion from Class A to Class B	(197,026,729)	1,642,233,575
Conversion from Class B to Class A	294,877,349	(35,377,866)
Balance as of September 30, 2022	467,144,972	1,642,233,575

As of September 30, 2022, there were an additional 4,532,855,028 Class A Shares and 135,133,164 Class B Shares with par values of \$0.01 authorized for issuance. No additional Class C Shares or Redeemable Preferred Shares were authorized for issuance.

Note 7 - Liabilities to credit institutions

The carrying amount of Polestar Group's liabilities to credit institutions as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Liabilities to credit institutions	As of September 30, 2022	As of December 31, 2021
Working capital loans from banks	1,143,011	609,209
Floorplan facilities	18,759	18,664
Sale-leaseback facilities	14,812	14,465
Balance as of September 30, 2022	1,176,582	642,338

The Group has the following working capital loans outstanding as of September 30, 2022:

Currency	Term	Security	Interest	Nominal amount in respective currency (thousands)	TUSD
EUR	February 2022 - February 2023	Secured ⁴	3-month EURIBOR ⁵ plus 2.1% and an arrangement fee of 0.15%	344,894	337,065
CNY	June 2022 - June 2023	Unsecured	12-month LPR ¹ plus 1.25%, settled monthly	500,000	70,290
CNY	August 2022 - August 2023	Unsecured	12-month LPR plus 0.05%, settled quarterly	716,000	100,656
USD	August 2022 - August 2023	Unsecured	3-month LPR plus 2.3%, settled quarterly	147,000	147,000
USD	September 2022 - September 2023	Unsecured	3-month LPR plus 2.3%, settled quarterly	255,000	255,000
USD	September 2022 - September 2023	Secured ²	4.48% per annum	133,000	133,000
USD	September 2022 - September 2023	Unsecured	3-month SOFR3 plus 2.4%, settled quarterly	100,000	100,000
Total					1,143,011

People's Bank of China ("PBOC") Loan Prime Rate ("LPR").
 Secured by a related party, including a subsidiary guarantee from Polestar Shanghai as well as letters of keep well from the two major shareholders.
 Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR").

4 - New vehicle inventory purchased via this facility is pledged as security until repaid. This facility has a repayment period of 90 days and includes a covenant tied to the Group's financial performance.

5 - Euro Interbank Offered Rate ("EURIBOR").

Floorplan and related party facilities

In the ordinary course of business, Polestar, on a market-by-market basis, enters into multiple low-value credit facilities with various financial service providers to fund operations related to vehicle sales. These facilities provide access to credit with the option to renew as mutually determined by Polestar Group and the financial service provider. The facilities are partially secured by the underlying assets on a market-by-market basis. As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the aggregate amount outstanding under these arrangements to external credit institutions was \$18,759 and \$18,664, respectively. The aggregated amount outstanding as of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 to related parties amounted to \$8,986 and \$13,789, respectively. The Group maintains a working capital loan with the related party Volvo Cars that is presented separately in Interest-bearing current liabilities - related parties within the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. Refer to Note 8 - Related party transactions for further details.

Sale-leaseback facilities

Polestar has also entered into contracts to sell vehicles and then lease such vehicles back for a period of up to twelve months. At the end of the leaseback period, Polestar is obligated to re-purchase the vehicles. Accordingly, the consideration received for these transactions was recorded as a financing transaction. As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, \$14,812 and \$14,465 of this financing obligation was outstanding, respectively, and had accrued interest of \$376 and \$1,679, respectively.

Since the contracts identified above are short-term with a duration of twelve months or less, the carrying amount of the contracts is deemed to be a reasonable approximation of their fair value. The Group's risk management policies related to debt instruments are further detailed in Note 2 - Financial risk management of the Consolidated Financial Statements, as of, and for the year ended, December 31, 2021 that were included in the Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 29, 2022. There are no changes in terms of risk management policies for the periods presented in these Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Note 8 - Related party transactions

For a detailed description of the Group's related parties, refer to Note 23 - Related party transactions of the Consolidated Financial Statements, as of, and for the year ended, December 31, 2021 that were included in the Form 20-F filed with the SEC on June 29, 2022. There are no changes to the Group's related parties for the periods presented in these Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

As of September 30, 2022, the Group has related party agreements in the following functions:

Product development

The agreements in place to support the Group's product development includes license and intellectual property, patents, R&D services, design, and technology agreements with Volvo Cars and Geely. The Group owns its developed Polestar Unique technology, which was created using purchased R&D, design services, and licenses to critical common technology from Volvo Cars.

Procurement

The Group has entered into Service Agreements with Volvo Cars regarding the procurement of direct (production related) materials, whereas the joint sourcing of direct material for the Group and Volvo Cars has allowed both companies to leverage economies of scale.

Manufacturing

The Group purchases contract manufacturing services, manufacturing and logistics engineering services, and entered into tool sharing agreements with related parties.

In December 2021, Polestar Group entered into agreements with Geely to acquire technology and related services leveraged in the development of the PS4. Under these agreements, Geely will perform development services in pursuit of achieving project milestones through 2025 for which the Group will make certain milestone payments to Geely. The agreements also obligate Polestar to make certain royalty payments per vehicle sold once the PS4 reaches commercialization.

Polestar also entered into a unique vendor tooling agreement and a unique in-house tooling and equipment agreement for the PS4. These agreements were entered into as part of Polestar's and Geely's intent to enter into a more detailed agreement related to manufacturing original equipment manufacturer ("OEM") services for the PS4 prior to the commencement of production.

In 2021, production of the PS2 was commenced at the Geely owned Luqiao plant through contract manufacturing agreements. In the second half of 2021, ownership transferred to Volvo Cars and the plant was renamed to Taizhou.

Manufacturing engineering includes activities related to the development of the production process (i.e., deciding which manufacturing equipment should be utilized and where equipment should be situated to ensure an efficient production process). The Group outsourced the manufacturing engineering for the production process of the PS1, PS2 and PS3 to Volvo Cars.

Activities related to logistics engineering (i.e., activities related to the determination of how different components are delivered to the production sites) were outsourced to Volvo Cars for the PS1, PS2, and PS3.

Tool sharing occurs when the Group purchases production tools, together with Volvo Cars, to obtain synergies from utilizing the same tools.

Polestar enters into machinery and equipment lease arrangements with Geely and certain building lease agreements with Volvo Cars. Refer to Note 3 - Leases for more information on Polestar's leasing arrangements.

Sales and distribution

Prior to entering the commercial space in the third quarter of 2020, the Group's principal operations was related to the sale of R&D services to Volvo Cars and Geely, and the sale of software and performance engineering kits to Volvo Cars. In addition to these sales agreements, in 2020, the Group had agreements in place to begin selling commercial vehicles, prototype engines and carbon credits to Geely and Volvo Cars, respectively. Refer to Note 2 - Revenue for further discussion on revenue recognized in accordance with IFRS 15, *Revenue from contracts with customers* ("IFRS 15"). The Group leverages Volvo Cars sales and services network for go-to-market strategies and dealer support to assist with tasks, which include agreements related to distribution and outbound logistics, delivery of vehicles and other products and global customer service.

Information technology

While the Group has its own information technology ("IT") department, Polestar operate in a shared IT environment with Volvo Cars and has service and software license agreements related to the support, maintenance and operation of IT processes associated with the Group. These IT services include resource planning systems, operations, infrastructure, networking, communications, collaboration, integration and application hosting.

Other support

The Group has various other related party agreements in place with Volvo Cars. These are primarily service agreements that relate to support for corporate or back-office functions, including legal entity accounting. Additionally, the Group has service agreements in place with Volvo Cars over the inbound and outbound logistics, as well as customs handling.

Financing

In May 2021, the Group entered into a working capital credit facility with Volvo Cars and subsequently borrowed \$13,789 of the line, which has a maturity of one year. As of September 30, 2022, \$8,986 of this financing arrangement remained outstanding, which is included in Interest-bearing current liabilities - related parties on the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. Refer to Note 7 - Liabilities to credit institutions for further details.

Convertible notes

Of the \$35,231 in convertible notes issued on July 28, 2021, \$9,531 was related to Geely. Upon the Closing of the merger with GGI, the Notes held by Geely were automatically converted to 1,165,041 shares of Class A Shares in ListCo. Refer to Note 1 - Significant accounting policies and judgements and Note 6 - Equity for further details.

Sale of goods, services and other

Revenue from related parties relates to the product development and sales and distribution agreements discussed above. These transactions are comprised of sales of products and related goods and services, sales of software and performance engineered kits, sales of carbon credits and sales of prototype engines. The total revenue recognized for each related party is shown in the table below:

		For the three months ended September 30,		For the nine months ended September 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Volvo Cars	10,365	12,626	54,817	40,977	
Volvofinans Bank AB	7,092	8,047	46,207	29,287	
Geely	—	559	—	700	
Total	17,457	21,232	101,024	70,964	

For the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, revenue from related parties amounted to \$17,457 (4.01%) and \$21,232 (9.97%) of total revenue, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, revenue from related parties was \$101,024 (6.84%) and \$70,964 (9.49%) of total revenue, respectively.

Purchases of goods, services and other

Purchases from related parties include agreements related to product development, procurement, manufacturing, IT and other support (specifically, inbound and outbound logistics) agreements discussed above. These agreements include work in progress and finished goods. Inventory cost of the Group is comprised of all costs of purchase, production charges and other expenditures incurred in bringing the inventory to its present location and condition.

Additionally, purchases from related parties include administrative costs associated with service agreements with Volvo Cars that relate to corporate or back-office functions. IT service and software related agreements are also included in administrative costs.

The total purchases of goods, services and other for each related party is shown in the table below:

		For the three months ended September 30,		For the nine months ended September 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Cars	732,708	22,663	1,485,201	271,647	
s Bank AB	109	363	443	369	
	86,620	423,215	193,482	739,960	
	819,437	446,241	1,679,126	1,011,976	

Cost of R&D and intellectual property

Polestar Group entered into agreements with Volvo Cars and Geely regarding the development of technology. The Group is in control of the developed product either through a license or through ownership of the IP and the recognized asset reflects the relevant proportion of Polestar Group's interest. The recognized asset associated with these agreements as of September 30, 2022 was \$1,086,976, of which acquisitions attributable to 2022 were \$201,699. As of December 31, 2021, the recognized asset associated with these agreements was \$1,175,218 and acquisitions attributable to 2021 were \$349,876.

Amounts due to related parties

Amounts due to related parties include transactions from agreements associated with purchases of intangible assets, sales and distribution, procurement, manufacturing and other support with Volvo Cars and Geely.

Trade payables - related parties, accrued expenses, and other current liabilities to related parties	As of September 30, 2022	As of December 31, 2021
Volvo Cars	1,018,148	1,507,308
Geely	38,639	235,622
Volvofinans Bank AB	_	504
Total	1,056,787	1,743,434

Amounts due from related parties

Amounts due from related parties include transactions related to product development and sales and distribution agreements discussed above.

Trade receivables - related parties and accrued income - related parties	As of September 30, 2022	As of December 31, 2021
Volvo Cars	117,036	15,457
Geely	1,614	4,025
Volvofinans Bank AB	2,059	309
Total	120,709	19,791

The Group's interest expense on related party trade payables for amounts past due is as follows:

		For the three months ended September 30,		onths ended oer 30,
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Interest expense on related party trade payables	3,994	15,277	28,269	18,129

Note 9 - Reverse recapitalization

As previously outlined in Note 1 - Significant accounting policies and judgements, Polestar underwent a reverse recapitalization through the merger with GGI and related arrangements. Under this type of transaction structure, Polestar Group is the accounting acquirer and accounting predecessor while GGI is treated as the acquired entity for financial reporting purposes. The Group was deemed to be the accounting acquirer based on an evaluation of the following facts and circumstances:

- Shareholders of the Former Parent retained the largest voting interest in the Group with over 99% of the voting interests;
- the Board of Directors of the Group comprises four members nominated by the Former Parent, as compared to one member nominated by certain investors in GGI;
- the Former Parent has the ability to appoint the remaining members of the Board as deemed necessary;
- the Former Parent's senior management is the senior management of the Group;
- the Former Parent's operations comprise substantially all of the ongoing operations of the Group following the merger with GGI; and
- the Group was the larger entity by substantive operations and employee base while GGI lacked operating activities and maintained net
 assets principally comprised of cash.

Therefore, GGI did not meet the definition of a business in accordance with IFRS 3, *Business Combinations* ("IFRS 3"), and the merger with GGI was instead accounted for within the scope of IFRS 2, *Share-based payment* ("IFRS 2"), as a share-based payment transaction in exchange for a public listing service. Under IFRS 2, the Group recorded a one-time share-based expense of \$372,318 at the Closing of the BCA that was calculated based on the excess of the fair value of the Group issued to public investors via Class A Shares in ListCo utilizing the publicly traded share price at the Closing of \$11.23 over the fair value of the identifiable net assets of GGI that were acquired. The amount of GGI's identifiable net assets of acquired at Closing, were as follows:

579,146
6,050
(40,320)
(22,770)
522,106

The net assets of GGI are stated at fair value, with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded. The IFRS 2 listing expense was calculated as follows:

Fair value of Polestar*	22,183,823
Equity interest in Polestar issued to GGI shareholders	5.1%
Equity interest in Polestar issued to Former Parent shareholders	94.9%
Deemed cost of shares issued by Polestar*	1,131,375
GGI identifiable net assets at fair value	522,106
Sponsor and third-party PIPE Cash	236,951
IFRS 2 Listing Expense	372,318

* The deemed cost of the shares issued by Polestar was estimated based on the fair value of Polestar at Closing, less an adjustment in respect to the fair value of the earn out rights (discussed below).

Class C Shares

On the Closing of the BCA, Public Warrants and Private Warrants in GGI that were issued and are outstanding immediately prior to the Closing were exchanged for Class C-1 Shares and Class C-2 Shares in ListCo. Class C-1 Shares have the following terms:

- Each whole Class C-1 Share entitles the holder to purchase one Class A Share in ListCo at an exercise price of \$11.50, subject to adjustments for split-ups and dividends. The Class C-1 Shares may also be exercised on a cashless basis by the holder
- Each whole Class C-1 Share is exercisable 30 days after the Closing of the BCA and expires on the earlier of:
 - June 23, 2027,
 - the date the Class C-1 Shares are redeemed by the Group, or
 - the liquidation of the Group.
- The Group may (1) redeem the outstanding whole Class C-1 Shares at a price of \$0.01 per Class C-1 Share or (2) convert the outstanding
 whole Class C-1 Shares in Class A Shares in ListCo on a cashless basis any time while the warrants are exercisable upon a minimum of 30
 days prior written notice of redemption if, and only if, the last sales price of the Class A Shares in ListCo equals or exceeds \$18 per share
 (as adjusted for split-ups, dividends, and the like) on each of 20 trading days within any 30 trading day period ending on the third business
 day prior to the date on which redemption notice is given.
- The Group may require the conversion of all of the outstanding Class C-1 Shares into Class A Shares in ListCo on a cashless basis beginning on October 24, 2022, provided:
 - that the last reported price of the Class A Shares in ListCo was at least \$10.00 per share (as adjusted for split-ups, dividends, and the like) on the trading day prior to the date on which redemption notice is given,
 - the Class C-2 Shares are converted on the same basis as the outstanding Class C-1 Shares, and
 - there is an effective registration statement covering the Class A Shares in ListCo arising upon conversion of the Class C Shares is available for 30 days prior to the date the Class C-1 Shares are redeemed by the Group.

• The Class C-1 Shares may be exercised, on a cash or cashless basis at any time after a notice of redemption shall have been given by the Group and prior to the date the Class C-1 Shares are redeemed by the Group.

The Class C-2 Shares are identical to the Class C-1 Shares, except that the Class C-2 Shares:

- are not redeemable by the Group as long as they are held by certain GGI investors and their permitted transferees;
 - automatically convert to Class C-1 Shares if they are transferred to individuals other than certain GGI investors and their permitted transferees;
- may be converted to Class C-1 Shares at any time by the holder upon notification to the Group; and
- are exercisable on a cashless basis by the holder.

The Group applied the provisions of IAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation* ("IAS 32"), and IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9"), in accounting for the Class C Shares. Under IAS 32 and IFRS 9, the Class C Shares failed to meet the definition of equity because they could result in the issuance of a variable number of Class A Shares in ListCo in the case of a cashless basis exercise. Additionally, in the case of a redemption or conversion, the Group would be required to either pay cash or issue a variable number of shares to the holders of the Class C Shares. Instead, the Class C Shares meet the definition of derivative liabilities that are carried at fair value with subsequent changes in fair value recognized in the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Loss and Comprehensive Loss at each reporting date.

	As of September 30, 2022
Class C-1 Shares	17,600
Class C-2 Shares	9,900
Total Class C Shares	27,500

The Class C-1 Shares are publicly traded on the Nasdaq (i.e., Level 1 input) and the closing share price of the GGI Public Warrants on June 23, 2022 was used to measure their fair value upon initial recognition, at which time the Class C-1 Shares had a fair value of \$40,320. On September 30, 2022, the fair value of the Class C-1 Shares was remeasured at \$17,600, for a total gain related to the change in fair value of \$22,720.

	Class C-1 Shares
As of January 1, 2022	
Class C-1 Shares issued	40,320
Change in fair value measurement	(22,720)
As of September 30, 2022	17,600

The Class C-2 Shares had a fair value as of June 23, 2022, of \$22,770. On September 30, 2022, the fair value of the Class C-2 Shares was remeasured at \$9,900, for a total gain related to the change in fair value of \$12,870. The Class C-2 Shares are not publicly traded and require a valuation approach leveraging Level 2 inputs. Refer to Note 1 - Significant accounting policies and judgements for further details on the valuation methodology utilized to determine the fair value of the Class C-2 Shares.

	Class C-2 Shares
As of January 1, 2022	
Class C-2 Shares issued	22,770
Change in fair value measurement	(12,870)
As of September 30, 2022	9,900

The fair value change for Class C Shares are as follows:

	For the three mon September 3		For the nine months ended September 30,		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Fair value change - Class C-1 Shares	8,960	_	22,720		
Fair value change - Class C-2 Shares	5,099		12,870		
Fair value change - Class C Shares	14,059	_	35,590	_	

Earn-out rights

On the Closing of the BCA, the Former Parent (or the shareholders of the Former Parent if the Former Parent is dissolved or liquidated) was issued a contingent right to receive earn outs of up to 24,078,638 Class A Shares and 134,098,971 Class B Shares in ListCo, issuable in five tranches that each comprise 4,815,728 Class A Shares and 26,819,794 Class B Shares in ListCo. Each tranche is issuable once the daily volume weighted average price of Class A Shares in ListCo meets specific price hurdles for 20 trading days out of any 30 day trading period beginning after December 23, 2022 and ending on December 23, 2028. The daily volume weighted average price of Class A Shares in ListCo that is required to trigger each tranche is as follows:

- Tranche 1 \$13 per share
- Tranche 2 \$15.50 per share
- Tranche 3 \$18 per share
- Tranche 4 \$20.50 per share
- Tranche 5 \$23 per share

If the daily volume weighted average price of Class A Shares in ListCo triggers a higher price tranche prior to triggering a lower price tranche, all tranches below the tranche triggered are also triggered for (e.g., if tranche 5 is triggered, tranches 1 through 4 are also triggered). Additionally, in the event there is a change of control of the Group, i.e., greater than 50%, all five tranches are automatically triggered for issuance. The Former Parent's contingent right to the earn out tranches that are not triggered for issuance by December 23, 2028 will expire immediately.

The Group applied the provisions of IAS 32 and IFRS 9 in accounting for the contingent earn out rights of the Former Parent. Under IAS 32 and IFRS 9, the contingent earn out right failed to meet the definition of equity because it could result in the issuance of a variable number of Class A Shares and Class B Shares in ListCo and the triggering events are subject to price hurdles (i.e., a market condition) that are outside of the control of the Group. Instead, it meets definition of a derivative liability that is carried at fair value with subsequent changes in fair value recognized in the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income (Loss) at each reporting date. However, since it provides value to owners of the Former Parent effectively in the form of a pro rata dividend, the fair value at the Closing of the BCA was charged to Accumulated deficit.

At the Closing of the BCA, the fair value of the contingent earn out rights was approximately \$1,500,638. The financial liability was remeasured on September 30, 2022 at \$534,970, resulting in a total gain related to the change in fair value of \$965,668. Refer to Note 1 - Significant accounting policies and judgements for further details on the valuation methodology utilized to determine the fair value of the earn out.

	Earn out rights
As of January 1, 2022	
Earn-out rights issued	1,500,638
Change in fair value measurement	(965,668)
As of September 30, 2022	534,970

The fair value change of earn-out rights are as follows:

		For the three months ended September 30,		hs ended 30,
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Fair value change - Earn-out rights	546,961		965,668	

Volvo Cars Preference Subscription Shares

At the Closing of the BCA and pursuant to the Volvo Cars Preference Subscription Agreement, Volvo Cars agreed to subscribe for Preference Shares in ListCo in exchange for a cash payment of \$588,826. The cash proceeds were used to pay down outstanding payables owed to VCC. Each Preference Share in ListCo automatically converts into Class A Shares in ListCo at a conversion price of \$10 per share thereafter. The Group applied the provisions of IAS 32 and JFRS 9 in accounting for the Volvo Cars Preference Subscription Shares. Under IAS 32, the preference shares did not meet the definition of a financial liability but instead represent a fixed residual interest in ListCo (i.e., Class A shares). As such, the initial carrying value of the Volvo Cars Preference Subscription Shares was equity classified and accounted for as capital contribution from Volvo Cars.

Note 10 - Financial instruments

The following table shows the carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss on a recurring basis:

	Level 1	Septem	ber 30, 2022 Level 3	Total	Level 1		r 31, 2021 Level 3	Total
Assets measured at FVTPL	Lever	Level 2	Levers	Total	Lever	Level 2	Levers	Total
Marketable securities		_	—	—	1,258	—	-	1,258
Other investments	_	_	2,185	2,185	_	—	_	—
Total assets	_	_	2,185	2,185	1,258	_	_	1,258
Liabilities measured at FVTPL								
Earn out rights	_	_	534,970	534,970	—	—	—	—
Class C-1 Shares	17,600	_	_	17,600	_	—	_	—
Class C-2 Shares	—	9,900	—	9,900	—	—	—	—
Total liabilities	17,600	9,900	534,970	562,470			_	_

During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, Polestar made a \$2,480 investment in the fast charging innovator, StoreDot. This investment is presented in Other investments in the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and is valued at \$2,185 as of September 30, 2022. Refer to Note 1 - Significant accounting policies and judgements and Note 9 - Reverse recapitalization for more detail on the financial liabilities related to the Class C-2 Shares and the Former Parent's earn-out rights.

Note 11 - Share-based payments

As noted in Note 1 - Significant accounting policies and judgements, Polestar granted shares to employees under the Omnibus Plans as part of the Group's employee compensation. Under the Omnibus Plan, there are three kinds of programs: At-listing Plan, Post-listing Plan, and the Free Share Plan

The following table illustrates share activity as of September 30, 2022:

	Number of PSUs	Number of RSUs	Number of free shares	Total
Outstanding as of January 1, 2022		—		
Granted	858,821	629,303	334,990	1,823,114
Vested	_	—	—	—
Cancelled	—	_	_	_
Outstanding as of September 30, 2022	858,821	629,303	334,990	1,823,114



At-listing plan

All executives and other key management members are eligible to receive RSUs under this plan. RSUs were granted on September 9, 2022 with the vestment commencement date of June 24, 2022; 33% of the RSUs vested on October 3, 2022 and the remaining RSU's will vest in two installments, with 33% of the awards vesting on June 24, 2023, and the remaining 34% of awards vesting on June 24, 2024. In order for the RSUs to vest, the employee must remain employed with Polestar at each vesting date.

The total number of RSUs granted was 517,220, with a fair value of \$3,476 as of the grant date. There were no changes to the number of shares granted during the period due to leavers or any vesting/non-vesting conditions.

Post-listing plan

Under this plan, the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), and Chief Operating Officer ("COO"), collectively referred to as the Executive Management Team is eligible to receive PSUs and other key management members are eligible to receive RSUs and PSUs. Awards were granted on September 9, 2022. The Post-listing plan has a three-year cliff vesting period, where the first vesting date is October 3, 2022 with a final vesting date of June 24, 2025. The vesting commencement date for the Post-listing plan is June 24, 2022. In order for the participants to receive the awards, they must remain employees at Polestar throughout the three year vesting period, and achieve certain market and non-market performance-based targets:

Market condition

a) 25% Value Creation – The target is equal to positive relative market value development compared to a specified peer group. This is measured by Relative Total Shareholder Return ("rTSR") which captures share price change (of a single share) and dividend reinvestment. Relative rTSR is a metric that will be externally measured.

Non-market conditions

a) 25% Cash flow - The target is equal to unleveraged free cash flow forecast accumulated from 2022 - 2024.

b) 20% ESG – The target is equal to Polestar's total yearly greenhouse gas emissions divided by the number of cars sold for the applicable year. The greenhouse gas emissions are calculated every year according to Greenhouse gas protocol reporting standards. Polestar includes Scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions. The results and methodology are reported in the annual sustainability report.

c) 30% Operational milestones - The target is the fulfillment of operational milestones driving growth and stand-alone capabilities.

The total number of RSUs granted was 112,083, with a fair value of \$753 as of the grant date. The total number of PSUs granted was 858,821, with a fair value of \$6,031 as of the grant date. There were no changes to the number of shares granted during the period due to leavers or any vesting/non-vesting conditions.

Free share plan

All permanent employees hired no later than December 31, 2021 who remained employed were granted free shares on September 30, 2022. The awards vested on October 3, 2022 and are subject to a one-year holding period. The total number of Free Shares granted was 334,990, with a fair value of \$1,715 as of the grant date. The fair value was determined using the market value of the shares listed on the NASDAQ.

Marketing consulting services agreement

On March 24, 2022, Polestar granted an equity settled share-based payment in exchange for marketing services through November 1, 2023. Per the terms of the agreement, 250,000 shares vested on the date the Registration Statement became effective. The remaining 250,000 shares vest in eight, equal, quarterly installments with a final vesting date of November 1, 2023. For the period ended September 30, 2022, 343,750 Class A Shares with a fair value of \$4,693 vested under the marketing consulting services agreement.

Total share-based compensation expense for three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	For the three m Septemb		For the nine months ended September 30,		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Selling, general and administrative expense	2,434	0	6,776	0	
Research and development expense	122	0	122	0	
Total	2,556		6,898	_	

Note 12 - Commitments and contingencies

Commitments

As of September 30, 2022, commitments to acquire PPE and intangible assets were \$192,238 and \$323,704, respectively. As of December 31, 2021, commitments to acquire PPE and intangible assets were \$235,573 and \$501,207, respectively. These commitments are contractual obligations to invest in PPE and intangible assets for the production of upcoming vehicle models PS3 and PS4. For the production of PS5, agreements are yet to be signed that define the upcoming investment commitments in Geely's Chongqing plant.

Contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Group is subject to contingencies related to legal proceedings and claims and assessments that cover a wide range of matters. Liabilities for such contingencies are recorded to the extent that it is probable the liability is incurred, and the amount is reasonably estimable. Associated legal costs related to such contingencies are expensed as incurred.

Note 13 - Subsequent events

Management has evaluated events subsequent to September 30, 2022 and through November 11, 2022, the date these Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors. The following events which occurred subsequent to September 30, 2022 merited disclosure in these Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. Management determined that no adjustments were required to the figures presented as a result of these events.

On October 12, 2022, Polestar officially revealed its first SUV, Polestar 3, at a launch even in Copenhagen, Denmark. Interested customers in all initial launch markets, North America, Europe and China, were able to place online orders from October 12, 2022. Production of the vehicle is expected to begin from mid-2023, with first deliveries expected in the fourth quarter of 2023. Production is planned to begin in Volvo Cars' facility in Chengdu, China. Additional manufacturing at Volvo Cars' Charlston facility, South Carolina, United States, is expected to follow towards the middle of 2024. The contract manufacturing agreements for the Polestar 3 are yet to be signed with Volvo Cars.

On November 3, 2022, Polestar entered into an 18-month credit facility with one of its major shareholders, Volvo Cars, allowing multiple drawings for up to an aggregated principal amount of \$800,000. Under this agreement, Volvo Cars maintains an equity conversion option that is contingent upon a future equity raise by Polestar.